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250,000 CHRISTIANS FLEE MOSLEM PERIL

Anatolia's Tragedy Rivals Smyrna As Cold Winter Grips Refugees

Constantinople, Nov. 27.—Another human tragedy that promises to rival the Smyrna fire is developing in Northern Asia-Minor. The tide of 250,000 Christian inhabitants is sweeping in full flood to the fringes of the Black Sea and the Mediterranean.

These refugees are clamoring to be saved. The American naval base at Constantinople is deluged with "S. O. S." calls from the flotilla of American destroyers patrolling the Mediterranean and Black Sea coasts of Asia-Minor, which are crowded with Christians fleeing from the Turk. There is a poignant note of tragedy in every message snatched from the air.

Appeals come from every part of Anatolia, where whole Christian communities are migrating and where the American Near East Relief is working heroically to overcome almost insuperable obstacles, including the removal of orphans for great distances to the sea.

Cryptic radiographs received today indicated that "a critical situation was developing with surprising suddenness; the whole interior is blanketed with snow, adding immeasurably to the misery of the exiles. A wireless from the destroyer Harry, said:

"Five hundred Christians are arriving at Samsun daily from parts unknown."

Another from the Harry relayed from Sivas in the interior of Anatolia, said:

"Ten thousand Christians and 2,000 orphans trudging thru the snow from Sivas are looking to the Americans to save them."

Another destroyer relayed a dramatic appeal to the Near East Relief at Constantinople from James H. Crutcher of Tuscaloosa, Ala., at Samsun:

"Can you take 1,000 mountain children? If not it means their end."

One from the destroyer Lawrence came from Americans at Trebizond declaring: "We cannot hold up evacuation from Trebizond orphans much longer. We are overwhelmed by arrivals from the interior. Instruct immediately."

From Mediterranean coastal towns come moving pleas for succor from tens of thousands of orphans.

The destroyer Overton, stationed at Mersina, received a radiograph from Chrystie Murphy of New York—"not a ship in sight for 6,000 refugees; where can they go?"

Charles Thurber of Manchester, N. H., sent a message—"Must have 50,000 Turkish pounds to buy bread for 10,000 destitute orphans and adults crowding Sivas. The situation is becoming worse hourly. Unless additional funds and transportation are provided immediately thousands will perish."

From Mediterranean coastal towns come moving pleas for succor from tens of thousands of orphans.

MAKES APOLOGY AT LAST MOMENT

Paris, Nov. 27.—The German Government has made a formal apology to the Inter-Allied Commission of military control in Berlin for the Steinhilber and Passau incidents, in which Allied officers were attacked by mobs and browbeaten by the German authorities, during the course of the officers' performance of their duties in inspecting military barracks. In a sharply worded note Germany had been given until last Saturday to apologize, which she did at the last moment.

FIRE DESTROYS RAILWAY STATION AT BEAVER DAM

The I. C. Railroad station at Beaver Dam, was totally destroyed by fire early Monday morning. The fire was first discovered by the operator of the Home Telephone Company's exchange, about 12:20 and the alarm given, but the flames had attained such headway that the efforts to save the building or contents were of no avail.

Although the station and storage

rooms contained less than the usual amount of freight, baggage etc., a considerable loss in items of that character was sustained. The loss in buildings and contents will amount to several thousand dollars.

The origin of the fire is not known, but it is thought by some that it was probably caused by live coals rolling from the stove.

THANKSGIVING TURKEYS

T. W. Wallace, the produce dealer of Cronwell, within the ten days preceding last Saturday, shipped from Bonner Dam and Rockport, to his company in the East, 350 coops of turkeys, 2,500 head. The approximate value of the turkeys was \$5.38 per head, or a total of \$14,700. The turkeys were raised adjacent to the places named and in the Calhoun, Centertown and Logansport countries.

The reason given for all shipments being made from the two points above mentioned was that the I. C. R. R. was making quick deliveries of this class of shipments.

FISCAL COURT IN ONE DAY SESSION

The Ohio County Fiscal Court met in special session at the courthouse, Thursday of last week. Only matters of minor importance were before the court. For the most part, the business consisted of the allowance of small claims. All members of the Court were present.

LIQUOR LADEN BOATS ARE OFF U. S. COAST

Eight Schooners With \$3,000,000 In Whisky To Flood Chiles With Booze.

New York, Nov. 28.—Eight schooners laden with liquor valued at \$3,000,000 at bootlegger's prices are standing off the New York and New Jersey coast today waiting to be unloaded by "fleet blockade runners" which will try to land the contraband wet cargo despite the vigilance of the prohibition navy. This is a part of \$10,000,000 shipments of liquors from Great Britain, the Bahamas and Miquelon Island to satisfy the American "holiday trade."

The "bootleg syndicate" has begun to resent the trickery of the whisky agents in the Bahamas who were so swamped with orders from the United States that they began to substitute fake whisky, brandy and wines for the real stuff. Orders are being withdrawn from the Bahamas and placed in Scotland.

Frank J. Hale of the prohibition enforcement department said that agents of the Treasury Department and the Department of Justice know of the presence of the rum runners off the New York and New Jersey coasts but could do nothing until the "blockade runners" got inside the three-mile limit and attempted to slip by the patrolling dry navy.

Mr. Hale said that all the rum runners were armed and were manned by crews as desperate as those that sailed the Spanish Main in the days of the buccaneers.

They would not hesitate to give battle if the dry navy attempted to seize their cargoes on the high seas.

WOMAN'S CLUB MEETS WITH MRS. W. S. TINSLEY

An interesting and well-attended meeting of the Woman's Club was held at the home of Mrs. W. S. Tinsley, Saturday afternoon of last week. The topic for discussion was Thanksgiving. A number of appropriate verses were read. Mrs. Sidney Williams gave a sketch of Thanksgiving, Mrs. J. H. B. Carson a story of the recent war and Mrs. Amos R. Carson a quaint little romance of long ago. The Club is to meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. H. D. Walker.

FASTING MACSWINEY RELEASED FROM PRISON

Dublin, Nov. 27.—Miss Mary MacSwiney, who has been hunger striking in Mountjoy Prison, was released today.

Miss Mary MacSwiney was in the twenty-third day of her hunger strike. Her sister, Annie MacSwiney, was in the eleventh day of her hunger strike at the gates of the jail.

FIGHT ON IRISH BILL IS ENDED

House Of Commons Passes Measure On Second Reading.

London, Nov. 27.—The House of Commons tonight without division passed the second reading of the Irish constitution bill, after a debate in a single sitting without striking incidents.

That it has failed to the lot of a Conservative government to pilot thru Parliament final legislative sanction to measures granting Ireland such complete autonomy is one of the ironies of political fate. The Conservative party for two generations has stoutly resisted the granting of self-government to Ireland in even the mildest form, and no political question during that long period has provoked anything like the bitter animosities and conflicts in Parliament, on platforms and in the press which accompanied the fight around Irish home rule.

The fight apparently is ended and Parliament with a large Conservative majority quietly accepts the principle of the new Irish constitution without even challenging division. This is all the more remarkable as it was mainly the revolt of the "die-hard" section of the Conservatives against the coalition government for setting up a treaty with the Sinn Fein which led to the rebellion of the Conservatives against the Lloyd George leadership, and so overthrew the coalition government.

Antagonism to the constitution bill hardly took a serious form. Its rejection was moved by a newcomer in Parliament, the Laborite, S. Saklatvala, who represents John Burns' old constituency, Battersea. He opposed the bill on the ground that the Irish treaty was therefore a greater mockery than was the act of union.

CO. SUPERINTENDENTS' ACCOUNTS ARE AUDITED

W. L. Threlkeld, State Auditor Department of Education, was in Hartford the latter part of last week, examining and auditing the books and accounts of former Superintendent E. S. Howard and Mrs. I. S. Mason, the present Superintendent. The examination of accounts, as made, extended back to July 1, 1920 and closed with the expiration of the past school year.

The examination, as shown by certificates of the Auditor, attached at the close of each year, revealed that all accounts had been accurately kept, funds properly disbursed and accounted for.

DOUBLE WEDDING AT COURTHOUSE

Judge R. R. Wedding performed a double ceremony Monday morning, Nov. 27, at the Courthouse which united the following couples as husband and wife. Shelby Rock and Miss Mae Ellen Palmer; Roy Shaw and Miss Elizabeth Hulise.

All of the contracting parties are of McHenry.

CAUGHT WITH STILL, MASH AND MOONSHINE

Fred Midkiff, a prosperous farmer residing near Fordsville, was recipient of a raid made Thursday of last week by Constables R. B. Cannery, B. F. Rice and Walter Burden, the latter Marshal of the town of Fordsville. It is stated that an up-to-date still, two barrels of mash and two gallons of warm, white whisky composed the fruits of the raid, all captured in Midkiff's cellar. Midkiff was arrested and delivered to Magistrate Murphy of Fordsville.

MRS. PHILLIPS GETS TEN YEARS TO LIFE

Los Angeles, Nov. 27.—Mrs. Clara Phillips, convicted of murder in the second degree for killing Mrs. Alberta Meadows with a hammer, was today sentenced to serve from ten years to life in the State penitentiary at San Quentin. A ten-day stay was asked to permit her attorney to formulate an appeal from the judgment and sentence.

DENBY ARRAIGNS NAVAL STUDENTS

Midshipmen Disgraced In Drinking Bout, Secretary States; Probe To Follow.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The conduct of the Annapolis midshipmen at the Army and Navy football game in Philadelphia Saturday was arraigned in a public statement today by Secretary Denby, of the Navy Department, declaring that members of the corps had brought disgrace not only on themselves but on the Naval Academy.

"How many midshipmen drank heavily I do not know," said the Secretary's statement, but he added that despite the good behavior of many, enough midshipmen had "filled to do their duty to their uniform and to their country to bring shame upon all." He announced that an investigation would be ordered.

Secretary's Statement.
Secretary Denby's statement follows:

"My attention has been called to the misconduct of a number of midshipmen from the Naval Academy on Saturday night last after the Army Navy game. I have no desire to minimize in any way the fact that many of the midshipmen did disgrace themselves and bring disgrace upon the Naval Academy for I know it to be true. I am shocked beyond measure that such things could have occurred."

"The misconduct on that occasion was as far as I know, the most flagrant that has ever been charged against the academy. How many midshipmen drank heavily, I do not know. The whole regiment was in Philadelphia. Only a relatively small proportion of the regiment attended the ball. Of this proportion I think the great majority conducted themselves with propriety, but enough failed of their duty to their uniform and to their country to bring shame upon all. I hope such an occurrence will never be repeated for such steps as are necessary will be taken to make it impossible in the future."

Inquiry to Begin at Once.

"In this connection I wish to make it quite clear that the Naval Academy has heretofore set an example to the country of good conduct upon such occasions and will set that example in the future. I was so proud of them at the game, which was one of the most thrilling I have ever seen, and where I saw absolutely no evidence of drinking among the midshipmen that the later events of the evening came as an absolute shock."

"When I think of the picture presented by our 2,400 young men standing at cap salute in honor of the visitors while the cadets celebrated upon the field their well won success I can hardly reconcile their sportsmanlike conduct then with what occurred afterward."

"An investigation will at once be ordered."

DARK ASSOCIATION IN WORKING ORDER

Hopkinsville, Ky. Nov. 28.—With a full corps of officers selected and business policies outlined for the Dark Tobacco Growers Co-operative Association of Kentucky and Tennessee, things are rapidly shaping up for the handling of the actual business for which the organization was formed. This was all done at the highly important meeting of the board of directors which was held here last week, and which, as was expected, lasted for several days—from Monday through Thursday to be exact.

The officers selected are as follows: president, W. F. Bradshaw, prominent banker of Paducah; first vice president, W. C. Broadbent, of Trigg County, the largest tobacco grower in the district; second vice president, Claude C. Cooke, of Clarksville, Tenn., another tobacco grower; Reams D. Farmer, banker of Adams, Tenn., was named as temporary secretary, and later was elected as permanent treasurer; these, with Judge Robert W. Bingham, of Louisville, and J. Guthrie Coke, of Auburn, Ky., form the executive committee which is entrusted with much important business.

It was not until Thursday that the rest of the places were filled, the

lections at that time being general manager John Hanratty, prominent tobaccoist of Clarksville, Tenn.; his associates are Ennis P. Harris, of Bowling Green, for the One Sucker district; Clarence D. Brown of Owensboro for the Green River district; men for the Stemming and Dark Fied districts are yet to be named.

Director of warehouses, R. E. Cooper, tobaccoist and warehouseman of Hopkinsville; C. A. Rogers, of Owensboro, was named as associate and George Covington, of Mayfield, and B. L. Moore, of Springfield, as assistants, with others to be named by Mr. Cooper.

Chief of field service division, Joseph Passonneau, who has been in charge of the organization campaign. He was empowered to name his associates.

Chief Grader, C. K. Smith, of Clarksville; assistants for the dark fied district, James West, of Hopkinsville; for the One Sucker, Lee Duke; for the Green River, R. O. Flynn; for the Stemming, James G. Gist.

Legal Counsel, Aaron Sapiro. Office manager, S. S. Stitt, of Henderson. Mr. Stitt will also be named as permanent secretary at the Dec. meeting of the directors.

The City National Bank, of Paducah, was made financial trustee, with the Bank of Hopkinsville as depository and holder of receipts, etc.

All of these men are splendidly qualified for the position for which they have been selected, and general satisfaction has been expressed that they have been secured to handle the association's affairs. All of them have gone actively to work to get their departments in shape and to functioning as quickly as possible.

The matter of finance naturally provoked much discussion and to meet immediate needs a loan of \$200,000 was ordered to be floated at once with local banks. Then it was also ordered that several million dollars should be secured from the War Finance Corporation, and if possible a conference on this held at Washington, on Dec. 6. The committee to represent the association at this meeting will be President Bradshaw, Judge Bingham, Aaron Sapiro, Claude Cooke, J. Guthrie Coke, Joseph Passonneau and William Bailey.

At the conference held with warehouse men, 137 houses were offered to the association, according to Director Cooper. Some of these are not suited to the needs of the association and cannot be accepted for that reason, but early consideration will be given to this important matter, for houses must be secured before tobacco can be received.

All over the district the feeling among the members is good and everybody is expecting the association to be successful from the first.

JUDGE BETHURUM VISITS HARTFORD

Judge B. J. Bethurum whose home is in Somerset, but for some time past residing in Lexington, where he is chief of council, or legal adviser to the prohibition enforcement officer in charge, in Kentucky. Judge Bethurum was in attendance of Circuit Court in interest of Judge Shaver and other Federal officers who claimed, arrested the three negroes and took the automobile in which they were traveling, turning same over to the Federal authorities for confiscation.

Judge Bethurum is being prominently mentioned as a probable candidate for United States Senator on the G. O. P. ticket, to try for the seat now occupied by senator A. O. Stanley. Judge Bethurum did not discuss the matter while in town, in so far as we are informed.

HILL-REYNOLDS

Miss Anna Louise Hill, an attractive high school student, daughter of Mr. Jesse Hill, deceased and Mrs. Hill, of Hartford, and Mr. William M. Reynolds, of McHenry, accompanied by the bride's mother, went to Owensboro Sunday, where they were joined in marriage. The Rev. E. E. Smith, a Presbyterian Minister of that city, performed the ceremony.

The young couple will probably go to housekeeping at McHenry, at an early date, as Mr. Reynolds is employed by one of the Coal Companies of that vicinity.

OHIO CIRCUIT COURT CONVENED HERE MONDAY

Grand Jury Empaneled And Is Busy In Ordinary Grind.

Circuit Court was convened in its regular November term Monday morning with Judge George S. Wilson presiding. Commonwealth Attorney Glover H. Carry of Calhoun, and County Attorney Otto C. Martin were in attendance, representing the State in criminal prosecutions. Circuit Court Clerk Frank Black and chief Deputy Leon Bishop formed the battery at the clerical desks.

Following is the list of grand jurors selected for the term: A. S. Chinn, G. B. Autry, Frank Fraize, W. T. Sanders, W. W. Balze, E. O. Hoagland, J. C. Westerfield, E. A. Barnard, H. F. Peach, Joe Robertson, Leslie Combs, R. B. Martin. The latter was appointed foreman. A special order was made appointing Mrs. B. W. Anderson official stenographer for the jury.

The following citizens were empaneled as petit jurors: Hardin Baird, B. L. Hayler, Seth Payne, Arthur Davis, Henry Tylor, J. W. Straube, J. W. Campbell, Alney Tichenor, Ula Hennings, H. E. Adlington, John Goff, J. W. Kirk, J. N. Cole, R. E. Lee, J. B. Cook, H. W. Quisenberry, W. T. Midkiff, W. J. Wall, R. P. Coleman, Chas. Porter, J. B. Harrison, W. D. Ross and Geo. Burgess.

Several cases have been disposed of, a detailed account of which we will give later.

W. G. MCADOO FACES JAIL AS SPEEDER

Fresno, Calif., Nov. 28.—William Gibbs McAdoo of Los Angeles, former Secretary of the Treasury, was arrested in Tulare County yesterday afternoon and cited to appear before Judge J. S. Clack Saturday to answer a charge of speeding at the rate of fifty-one miles an hour.

According to the traffic officer who arrested Mr. McAdoo he pursued the McAdoo car, containing Mr. and Mrs. McAdoo and their chauffeur, three miles. McAdoo was en route to Fresno where he addressed the bar associations of three counties last night.

Judge Clack has the reputation of jailing drivers caught exceeding fifty miles an hour in Tulare County.

MRS. J. S. GLENN HOSTESS TO LADIES SOCIAL CLUB

Mrs. J. S. Glenn, delightfully entertained the Ladies Social Club, at her home on Walnut Street, Wednesday afternoon. At the conclusion of a number of games of interesting progressive rook, a most delicious luncheon was served.

HARTFORD BAPTISTS PURCHASE PROPERTY

In the public sale of the Klein property, Monday at the Court house, which was made for the purpose of settling the estate of the late Mike Klein, the Hartford Baptist Church, through a committee appointed for that purpose, became the purchaser. The property is a two-story residence adjoining the church and has been unoccupied during the past several years. Plans are to improve and modernize the property and retain it for a parsonage.

MARRIAGE LICENSES RECENTLY ISSUED

Shelby Myers, Olaton to Louie Wright, Olaton.
Robert Sumner, Martwick, to Lula Magee, Martwick.
Estill Johnson, McHenry, to Alma Hoeder, McHenry Route 1.
Chas. Fulton, Beaver Dam, to Oma Willoughby, Beaver Dam.
Shelby Shelton Rock, McHenry, to Mae Ellen Palmer, McHenry.
Roy Shaw, McHenry, to Elizabeth Hulise, McHenry.

Mr. Joe A. Tate, has sold the restaurant which he had been operating in Beaver Dam during the past month, to W. E. Duuu, of Cronwell.

PRESIDENT HARDING'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Entire Document Devoted To Proposed Aid To Shipping.

Washington, Nov. 21.—The text of President Harding's address to Congress follows:

Members of the Congress: Last February I reported to you relative to the American merchant marine, and recommended legislation which the Executive branch of the Government deemed essential to promote our merchant marine and with it our national welfare. Other problems were pressing and other questions pending, and for one reason or another, which need not be recited, the suggested legislation has not progressed beyond a favorable recommendation by the House Committee. The committee has given the question a full and painstaking inquiry and study, and I hope that its favorable report speedily will be given the force of law.

It will be helpful in clearing the atmosphere if we start with the frank recognition of divided opinion and determined opposition. It is no new experience. Like proposals have divided the Congress on various previous occasions. Perhaps a more resolute hostility never was manifest before, and I am very sure the need for decisive action—decisive, favorable action—never was so urgent before.

Problem of Grim Reality.

We are not now dealing with a policy founded on theory; we have a problem which is one of grim actuality. We are facing conditions, out of which will come either additional and staggering Government losses and national impotence on the seas, or else the unfurling of the flag on a great American merchant marine commensurate with our commercial importance, to serve as carrier of our cargoes in peace and meet the necessities of our defense in war.

There is no thought here and now to magnify the relation of a merchant marine to our national defense. It is enough to recall that we entered the World War almost wholly dependent on our Allies for transportation by sea. We expended approximately three billions, feverishly, extravagantly, wastefully and impractically. Out of our eagerness to make up for the omissions of peace and to meet the war emergency we built and otherwise acquired the vast merchant fleet which the Government owns today.

In the simplest way I can say it, our immediate problem is not to build and support a merchant shipping, which I hold to be one of the highest and most worthy aspirations of any great people; our problem is to deal with what we now possess.

To Relieve Treasury of Drain

Our problem is to relieve the public treasury of the drain it is already meeting. Let us omit particulars about the frenzied war-time building, possibly we did full as well as could have been done in the anxious circumstances. Let us pass for the moment the vital relationship between a merchant marine and a commercially aspiring nation. Aye, let us suppose for a moment the absurdity that with one \$3,000,000,000 experience and with the incalculable costs in lives and treasure which may be chargeable to our inability promptly to apply our policy—which God forbid happening again—let us momentarily ignore all of these and turn to note the mere business problem, the practical question of dollars and cents with which we are confronted.

The war construction and the later completion of war contracts, where completion was believed to be the greater economy to the public, treasury, left us approximately 13,200,000 gross tonnage in ships.

The figures are near 12,500,000 tons now, owing to the scrapping of the wooden fleet. More than half of this tonnage is Government-owned and approximately 2,250,000 tons are under Government operation in one form or another. The net loss to the United States Treasury—sums actually taken therefrom in this Government operation—averaged approximately \$16,000,000 per month during the year prior to the assumption of responsibility by the present Administration. A constant warfare enabled loss of public funds, and the draft to service of capable business management and experienced operating directors, have resulted in applied efficiency and enforced economy.

Loss Now \$50,000,000 a Year
It is very gratifying to report the diminution of the losses to \$4,000,000 per month, or a total of \$50,000,000 a year; but it is intolerable

that the Government should continue a policy from which so enormous a treasury loss is the inevitable outcome. This loss, moreover, attends operation of less than a third of the Government-owned fleet.

It is not, therefore, a question of adding new treasury burdens to maintain our shipping; we are paying these burdens now. It is not a question of contracting an outlay to support our merchant shipping, because we are paying already. I am not asking your authorization of a new and added draft on the public treasury; I am appealing for a program to diminish the burden we are already bearing.

When your Executive Government knows of public expenditures aggregating \$50,000,000 annually which it believes could be reduced by half through a change of policy, your Government would be unworthy of public trust if such a change were not commended—nay, if it were not insistently urged.

And the pity of it is that our present expenditure in losses is not constructive. It looks to no future attainments. It is utterly ineffective in the establishment of a dependable merchant marine, whereas the encouragement of private ownership and the application of individual initiative would make for a permanent creation, ready and answerable at all times to the needs of the nation.

No Provision for Replacement

But I have not properly portrayed all the current losses to the public this year. We are wearing out our ships without any provision for replacement. We are having these losses thru deterioration now, and are charging nothing against our capital account. But the losses are there and regrettably larger under Government operation than under private control. Only a few years of continued losses on capital account will make these losses thru deterioration alone to exceed the \$50,000,000 a year now drawn to cover losses in operation.

The gloomy picture of losses does not end even there. Notwithstanding the known war cost of \$3,000,000,000 for the present tonnage, I will not venture to appraise its cash value today. It may as well be confessed now as at some later time that in the mad rush to build, in establishing shipyards wherever men would organize to expend Government money; when we do shipbuilders overnight quite without regard to previous occupations or pursuits, we built poorly—often very poorly. Moreover we constructed without any formulated program for a merchant marine. The war emergency impelled and the cry was for ships, any kind of ships. The error is recalled in regret rather than criticism. The point is that our fleet, costing approximately \$3,000,000,000, is worth only a fraction of that cost today. Whatever that fraction may be, the truth remains that we have no market in which to sell the ships under our present policy, and a program of surrender and sacrifice and the liquidation which is inevitable unless the pending legislation is sanctioned, will cost scores of millions more.

Answer Is Apparent.

When the question is asked, "Why the insistence for the merchant marine act now?" the answer is apparent. Waiving every inspiration which lies in a constructive plan for maintaining our flag on the commercial highways of the seas, waiving the prudence in safeguarding against another \$3,000,000,000 madness if war ever again hurls, we have the unavoidable task of wiping out a \$50,000,000 annual loss in operation and losses aggregating many hundreds of millions in worn-out sacrificed or scrapped shipping. Then the supreme humiliation, the admission that the United States—our America, once eminent among the maritime nations of the world—is incapable of asserting itself in the peace tribunals on the seas of the world. It would seem to be doubly humiliating when we own the ships and fail in the genius and capacity to turn their power toward the marts of the world.

This problem cannot longer be ignored; its attempted solution cannot longer be postponed. The failure of Congress to act decisively will be no less disastrous than adverse action.

Three Courses Are Possible

Three courses of action are possible, and the choice among them is no longer to be avoided. The first is constructive—enact the pending bill under which, I firmly believe, an American merchant marine, privately owned and privately operated, but serving all the people and always available to the Government in any emergency, may be established and maintained.

The second is obstructive—continue Government operations and attending Government losses and discourage private enterprise by Gov-

ernment competition, under which losses are met by the public treasury and witness the continued losses and deterioration until the colossal failure ends in sheer exhaustion.

The third is destructive—involving the sacrifice of our ships abroad or the scrapping of them at home, the surrender of our aspirations and the confession of our impotence to the world in general and our humiliation before the competing world in particular.

A choice among the three is inevitable. It is unbelievable that the American people or the Congress which expresses their power will consent to surrender and destruction. It is equally unbelievable that our people and the Congress which translates their wishes into action will longer sustain a programme of obstruction and attending losses to the treasury.

I have come to urge the constructive alternative, to reassert an American "we will." I have come to ask you to relieve the responsible administrative branch of the Government from a programme upon which failure and hopelessness and staggering losses are written for every page, and let us turn to a programme of assured shipping to serve us in war and to give guaranty to our commercial independence in peace.

Knows Hostility to Word "Subsidy"

I know full well the hostility in the popular mind to the word "subsidy." It is stressed by the opposition and associated with "special privilege" by those who are unfailing advocates of Government aid whenever vast numbers are directly concerned. "Government aid" would be a fairer term than "subsidy" in defining what we are seeking to do for our merchant marine, and the interests are those of all the people, even though the aid goes to the few who serve.

If Government aid is a fair term—and I think it is—to apply to authorizations aggregating \$75,000,000 to promote good roads for market highways it is equally fit to be applied to the establishment and maintenance of American market highways on the salted seas. If Government aid is the proper designation for fifteen to forty millions annually expended to improve and maintain inland waterways in aid of commerce, it is a proper designation for a needed assistance to establish and maintain ocean highways where there is actual commerce to be carried.

But call it "subsidy," since there are those who prefer to appeal to mistaken prejudice rather than make frank and logical argument. We might so call the annual loss of fifty millions which we are paying now without protest by those who most abhor—we might as well call that a "subsidy." If so, I am proposing to cut it in half, approximately, and to the saving thus effected there would be added millions upon millions of further savings, through ending losses on capital account—Government capital, out of the public treasury, always remember—and there would be at least the promise and the prospect of the permanent establishment of the needed merchant marine.

Appealing to Save Treasury

I challenge every insinuation of favored interests and the enrichment of the special few at the expense of the public treasury. I am, first of all, appealing to save the Treasury. Perhaps the unthought bestowal of Government aid might justify the apprehension of support favoring, but the pending bill, the first ever proposed which carries such a provision, automatically guards against enrichment or perpetuated bestowal. It provides that shipping lines receiving Government aid must have their actual investment and their operating expenses audited by the Government; that Government aid will only be paid until the shipping enterprise earns 10 per cent on actual capital employed, and immediately that when more than 10 per cent earnings is reached, half of the excess earnings must be applied to the repayment of the Government aid which has been previously advanced. Thus the possible earnings are limited to a very reasonable amount if capital is to be risked and management is to be attracted. If success attends, as we hope it will, the Government outlay is returned, the inspiration of opportunity to earn remains and American transportation by sea is established.

Though differing in detail, it is not more in proportion to their population and capacity than other great nations have done in aiding the establishment of their merchant marines, and it is timely to recall that we gave them our commerce to aid in their upbuilding while the American task is now to upbuild and establish in the face of their most active competition. Indeed the American development will have to overcome every obstacle which may be put in our path except as international-

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The Republican and Daily Courier-Journal	5.60
The Republican, Daily and Sunday Courier-Journal	7.20
The Republican and Louisville Times	5.60
The Republican and Evening Post	5.60
The Republican, Daily & Sunday Owensboro Messenger ..	5.10
The Republican and Twice-A-Week Messenger	2.80
The Republican, Daily & Sunday Owensboro Enquirer	5.10
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THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN
HARTFORD, KY.

al county forbids. Concern about our policy is not limited to our own domain, though the interest abroad is of very differing character. I hope it is seemly to say it, because it must be said, the maritime nations of the world are in complete accord with the opposition here to the pending measure. They have a perfect right to such an attitude. When we look from their viewpoints we can understand.

Would Stress American Viewpoint

But I wish to stress the American viewpoint. Ours should be the viewpoint from which one sees American carriers at sea, the dependence of American commerce and American vessels for American reliance in the event of war. Some of the costly lessons of war must be learned again and again, but our shipping lesson in the World War was too costly to be effaced from the memory of this or future generations.

Not so many months ago the head of a company operating a fleet of ships under our flag called at the Executive offices to discuss a permit to transfer his fleet of cargo vessels to a foreign flag, though he meant to continue them in a distinctly American service. He based his request for transfer on the allegation that by such a transfer he could reduce his labor costs alone sufficiently to provide a profit on capital invested. I do not vouch for the accuracy of the statement nor mean to discuss it.

The allusion is made to recall that in good conscience Congress has created by law conditions surrounding labor in American ships which shipping men the world over declare result in higher costs of operation under our flag. I frankly rejoice if higher standards for labor on American ships have been established. Merest justice suggests that when Congress fixed these standards, it is fair to extend Government aid in maintaining them until world competition is brought to the same high level, or until our shipping lines are so firmly established that they can face world competition alone.

Forbears a Repetition

Having discussed in detail the policy and provisions of the pending bill when previously addressing you, I forbear a repetition now. Individual changes of opinion in House or Senate expressed personal sympathy with the purposes of the bill and then uttered a discouraging doubt about the sentiment of their constituencies. It would be most discouraging if a

measure of such transcending national importance must have its fate depend on geographical, occupational, professional or partisan objections. Frankly I think it better statesmanship to support and commend a policy designed to effect the larger good to the nation than merely to record the too hasty impressions of a constituency. Out of the harmonized aspirations, the fully informed convictions, and the united efforts of all the people will come the greater republic. Commercial eminence on the seas, ample agencies for the promotion and carrying of our foreign commerce, are of no less importance to the people of Mississippi and the Missouri Valley, the Mountain States, than to the Seaboard States and industrial communities building inland a thousand miles or more. It is a common cause, with its benefits commonly shared. When people fall in the national viewpoint, and live in the confines of community selfishness or narrowness, the sun of this Republic will have passed its meridian, and our larger aspirations will shrivel in the approaching twilight.

But let us momentarily put aside

the inspiring and inspiring viewpoint. The blunt, indisputable fact of the loss of fifty millions a year under Government operation remains; likewise the fast diminishing capital account, the enormous war expenditure, to which we were forced because we had not fittingly encouraged and builded as our commerce expanded in peace. Here are facts to deal with, not fancies wrought out of our political and economic disputes. The abolition of the annual loss and the best salvage of the capital account are of concern to all the people.

Will Repay Every Dollar Expended

It is my firm belief that the combined savings of operating losses and the protection of the capital account through more advantageous sales of our war-built or war-seized ships, because of the favorable policy which the pending bill will establish, will more than pay every dollar expended in Government aid for twenty-five years to come.

It should be kept in mind that the approximate sum of five millions annually paid for the transport of our

(Concluded on 7th page.)

"Our Family Medicine"

"I WILL WRITE you in regard to Black-Draught liver medicine, as I have been using it more than 18 years," says a letter from Mr. S. F. Mintz, of R. F. D. 2, Leland, N. C. "I keep it in my home all the time, for it is mostly our family medicine. When we begin to feel feverish or sluggish, with trouble from the liver or stomach, we take a dose of Thedford's Black-Draught and the trouble is soon over. I mostly buy a dollar package at a time, and it has saved me many a bill."

Thedford's Black-Draught is a

purely vegetable remedy, acting on the liver, stomach and bowels. It is made from selected herbs and roots, and contains no calomel or other mineral drugs.

It has been found of great value, in indigestion, stomach trouble, sick headache, constipation, and lazy liver, helping to relieve the symptoms caused by these troubles, and to put the digestive system into proper working order. Get a package of Black-Draught liver medicine from your druggist or dealer, today. Be sure to get the genuine—Thedford's.

Thedford's
BLACK-DRAUGHT
A Purely Vegetable Liver Medicine

Don't Be Fooled

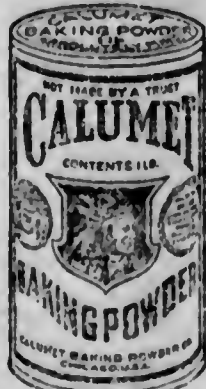
Low Price and High Quality
Don't Go Together, Stick to

CALUMET

The Economy BAKING POWDER

Never accept "Just as Good" Brands; it will only mean disappointments and failures on bake-day, which are expensive.

Calumet is a High Grade Baking Powder, Moderate in Price



When you use it you never spoil any of the expensive ingredients used—such as flour, sugar, eggs and milk.

The sale of Calumet is 2½ times as much as that of any other brand.



THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

CONAN DOYLE'S THEORY NOT NEW

Creator of Sherlock Holmes "Discovers" Birds Sing Above Bar's Range.

London, Nov. 25.—There were days when the discoveries of Sherlock Holmes were startling the world but those days have passed and now Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the alter-ego of Sherlock, is devoting his energies to new fields.

The Sherlock has been laid on the shelf, Sir Arthur is making discoveries which are almost as marvelous as those made by the pipe-smoking sleuth of old.

Sir Arthur has discovered spirits galore. He has found a way to photograph the fairies and now he comes along with the discovery of birds that sing but whose songs are lost to human ears.

Makes Sound Test.

Visitors to Sir Arthur at his home in Crowborough tell of rather interesting, if not astonishing, experiments which the writer carries on. He has a cage of Japanese birds in his drawing room and when the birds start to sing he instructs his visitors to watch the birds closely and to listen closely, asking them to make a signal when they can no longer hear the song but can still see the throat of the bird throbbing.

The visitors all agree that the bird's song reaches a stage where it is not audible, but there is every outward indication that the song is still going on. According to visitors Sir Arthur's conclusions are that nature is full of tremendous voices which are audible to the human ear.

Sir William Bragg, of University College, can't get excited about Sir Arthur's discovery.

"Sound consists of a series of waves in the air," Sir William says. "The human ear is tuned to perceive some of them, but not all. There is an upper limit to the frequency which is audible. Different persons have different limits of hearing, and limit changes with age. For instance, as one grows older one generally ceases to hear the shrilling crickets, and it sometimes puzzles children to hear the full of noise, while their elders are unconscious of it."

So, if Sir William knows whereof he speaks, it would seem that there is scientific foundation for the latest "discovery" of Sir Arthur is a discovery at all, and in view of the fact that his fairy photographs have not been altogether accepted without doubt, it would seem that people had more faith in the discoveries of Sherlock Holmes than they have in the latter day discoveries of the alter-ego of Sherlock.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR

EXECUTED MAD BARON MAKES "COME-BACK"

Pekin, Nov. 25.—"Mad" Baron Ungern is again operating in Siberia, according to reports from frightened refugees who have escaped from the region of hostilities. Others claim that his spirit has been resurrected and is back on earth to carry out its vow for the death of all Bolsheviks. Superstitious villagers in Siberia

ascribe to him strange powers before which the Red forces are helpless. One man even goes so far as to swear he saw the "Mad" Baron executed and has now seen him this second time alive.

About the execution stories differ. Some say he escaped, but his family, who came recently to investigate, reached the sad conclusion that he had been killed.

While soldiers also shrink at the mention of his name. His discipline was fearful, and he meted out punishments without mercy even to the slightest offenders.

One of his favorite methods was to compel the soldier to remove his breeches and sit upon a cake of ice for hours at a time depending upon the seriousness of his alleged crime. Another was to put a number of men on the roof of his house during a severe storm and to force them to remain there a given time. If they tried to come down they were shot. Those who died from exposure had their own weaknesses to thank. So read the court-martial reports.

He was not loved. Friends say that bullet wounds received in the European war had unbalanced his mind. Surgeons agree that in cases of cuts, burns, bruises and wounds the first treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozone is the ideal antiseptic and healing agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20. Sold by the Ohio County Drug Co.

TRADES WIFE FOR FORD.

To satisfy his desire for an automobile Fred Woodruff, of Fulton, N. Y., traded his wife to Grover Coant for a Ford auto. The written agreement, which was as nearly true to legal form as the two men knew how to make it, was signed by Mrs. Woodruff who was thereby transferred from one man to another like a common chattel. Owing to Woodruff's inability to pay off a \$40 mortgage on the auto it was seized by a former owner. The woman later left Coant, so both men lost out.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1925.
A. W. OLNEY, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MOTHERS AMONG "TWELVE GREATEST"

Talking about finding the "12 greatest women in the United States"—they'll never be definitely located. The New York World hits the nail on the head with the declaration that the quality of womanly greatness "belongs inevitably to a successful mother, almost as surely to a successful wife." That makes some of the suggested lists look like an old maid's embroidery club.—Toledo Blade.

BURLEY HOUSES TO OPEN DEC. 11

Association Making Ready To Receive Members' 1922 Crop.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 25.—Receiving plants of the Burley Tobacco Growers' Co-operative Association will be opened to receive the 1922 crops of members December 11, if there is a season, Director of Warehouses Ralph M. Barker said tonight. Warehouse managers and bookkeepers from all parts of the Burley district will be here Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday, Mr. Barker said, to receive their final instructions.

District graders and managers of the association's redryers also will be here Monday for the final instructions, and on Monday the warehouse graders will be in Lexington to take their examinations which are required before they are permitted to pass upon crops of the growers. These examinations will include practical demonstrations on ability on the part of the graders to do the work which will be required of them.

Director Barker reiterated his statement of last week that members of the association would not be compelled to haul their tobacco to the larger receiving points in order Burley receiving point and that to obtain a good grade, and said that expert graders would be at every grades would be uniform throughout the district.

Splendid Cough Medicine.

"As I feel that every family should know what a splendid medicine Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is, I am only too pleased to relate my experience and only wish that I had known of its merits years ago," writes Mrs. Clay Fry, Ferguson Station, Mo. "I give it to my children when they show the slightest symptoms of being croupy, and when I have a cough or cold on the lungs a very few doses will relieve me, and by taking it for a few days I soon get rid of the cold."

MANY KENTUCKY BEEKEEPERS MAKE A LIVING FROM HONEY.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 27.—Beekeeping usually is taken on as a sideline, but there are beekeepers in many parts of Kentucky who make a good living by giving all their time to the production of honey, according to a revised circular entitled, "Elements of Beekeeping," which has just come off the press at the College of Agriculture and which is being sent out free to interested persons. The new circular contains many pointers designed to be of special help to beekeepers in general as well as the person who is just making a start with bees. It may be obtained by writing the Experiment Station, Lexington, for Circular No. 69.

DECEMBER IS BEST MONTH TO STUDY FARM BUSINESS.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 27.—December is the best time of the year for the farmer to study his business, according to W. D. Nicholls, head of the farm economics department of the College of Agriculture. At that time of the year the field work is over, the yield, quality and market price of farm products are known and the long nights and weather at that season of the year are such that there is only limited time for field work. This gives the farmer a good chance to look back over the year to make an inventory of mistakes and successes and plan ahead for the coming year. The lead pencil used during the winter months to study the farm business and make plans for the new year is the greatest labor saving and profit insuring implement on the farm, Mr. Nicholls says.

COVER CROPS SAVE SOIL ON THOUSANDS OF ACRES.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 27.—Reports already received from 16 counties of the state indicate that cover crops this winter will stop soil washing and the leaching away of plant food on thousands of acres of Kentucky farm lands, according to R. E. Stephenson, soils specialist of the College of Agriculture. Despite the fact that this is only the second year in which an intensive cover crop campaign has been put on in the state, the acreage of such crops has made a substantial increase.

In 14 of the 16 counties, farmers have started demonstrations involving close to 19,000 acres of rye alone to show their neighbors how fields can be protected from washing during the winter. This rye not only will prevent soil erosion and leaching losses on the various farms, but also will furnish fall, winter and spring pasture and make a good residue to plow under for green manuring purposes, thereby putting humus into the soil. Barley also has proved popular as a cover crop, seven counties reporting demonstrations involving 2,300 acres. Barley, like the rye, will protect the soil, furnish grazing and in many cases make a grain crop that can be harvested next spring.

Farmers in nine counties of the state are putting on demonstrations this winter to show the value of crimson clover as a cover crop. This crop makes a good winter legume but in many cases farmers have found it hard to get a stand of it that would go through the winter. Four hundred and sixty acres of it are being grown in the demonstrations. Farmers in eight counties have demonstrations under way to show the value of vetch as a winter cover crop. They are growing 300 acres of this crop. Vetch is harder and more reliable than sweet clover but the price of seed is almost prohibitive. Rye and vetch commonly are grown together.

Seven counties report demonstrations involving 3,300 acres of winter oats while alfalfa and sweet clover are being used for cover crops in other counties. Wheat also will protect the soil on thousands of acres this winter although this crop usually is harvested for grain. Counties that already have reported on the acreage of cover crops seeded are Marlan, Allen, Jackson, Grayson, Lawrence, Breckinridge, Morgan, Owsley, Union, Jefferson, Harlan, Calloway, Fleming, Meade, Campbell and Madison.

Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are intended especially for indigestion and constipation. They tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They act gently on the liver and bowels, thereby restoring the stomach and bowels to a healthy condition. When you feel dull, stupid and constipated give them a trial. You are certain to be pleased with their effect.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Columbia Record—The flapper style is going, but the dear things will hit on something else if we give them time.

St. Joseph News-Press—Making the world over seems a relatively unimportant task to the woman who must make last winter's frocks over.

Washington Star—Princess Hermine says she has a written agreement with the former Kaiser permitting her to leave Doorn twice a year for a period of eight weeks. Wonder if she ever heard her spouse's idiosyncrasies of paper?

Dallas Farm News—The housewife is a much more essential member of the family on the farm than in the city. On the farm the housewife is a very useful person and should be looked on by her husband as a partner in his business and be given privileges corresponding to all that he has. But such a condition is too seldom found on American farms. Many farmers still supply themselves with the most modern machines for their work in the fields and never think of supplying their wives with corresponding conveniences in the kitchen.

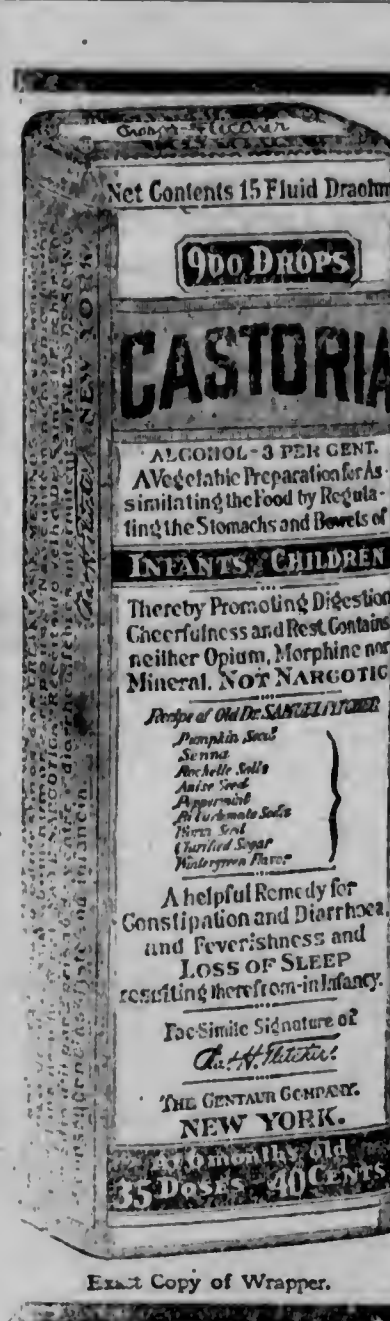
When a matron at Wellesley college, Mass., discovered Misses Billie Bures, of Barre, Vt., and Joa Roth, of Stamford, Conn., smoking in their room she threatened to inform the dean, but said she would desist on condition that they reform. "Don't wait," the girls replied curtly. "We're going now." Later the fair smokers explained their action "as a protest against the antiquated opinion that ladies mustn't smoke. Wellesley is too narrow for the modern girl. Imagine! Hissing cigarettes! Why, as a matter of fact, our great grandmothers of frontier days smoked cornucop pipes. We girls of today come by our tastes honestly."

Sickly children need White's Cream Vermifuge. It not only destroys worms, if there be any, but it acts as a strengthening tonic in the stomach and bowels. Price 35c per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

Customer, rushing to Druggist—

You made a mistake in that prescription I gave you with r-in-law. Instead of quinine you used strychnine.

Druggist—The devil; then you owe me 20 cents more.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Which Daily Paper?

A Question That Is Quickly and Readily Answered.

The Courier-Journal

Largest Morning Circulation of Any Kentucky Newspaper

Enjoys a nation-wide prestige and reputation. It is essentially a newspaper, intent upon giving news matter first consideration.

Maintains its own news bureaus at Washington and Frankfort. Member of the Associated Press.

With important legislation coming before Congress and Kentucky General Assembly in 1922, The Courier-Journal is the daily newspaper you will need.

By special arrangements we are now able to offer

THE DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL

AND THE REPUBLICAN

Both one year, by mail, for only \$5.75.

This offer applies to renewals as well as new subscriptions, but only to people living in Kentucky, Tennessee or Indiana. Now subscriptions may, if desired, start at a later date, and renewals will date from expiration of present ones.

If you prefer an evening newspaper, you may substitute The Louisville Times for The Courier-Journal.

Send or bring your orders to this office.

STORM IS SEEN AS DIVINE VISITATION

Simple Islanders Say Wrath of Gods Is Directed Against Modern Inventions.

Manila, Nov. 25.—Typhoons and other disturbances, terrestrial and marine, which recently ravaged the provinces occupied by Ilocano, the people of Malayan origin, with perhaps some Japanese, on the northwest coast of Luzon, have recalled the superstitions of this people regarding storms. They think of storms as a divine visitation and feel that their fields are destroyed by wind and flood because they have offended the deities.

The spirit of the storm is personified for them in a man-god sent by the Supreme Being to administer punishment upon the sinful. He is fiercer when avenging the use of inventions, such as the stripping machines imported by the International

Harvester Company, that the Ilocanos have been using to clean their maguay fiber with, instead of retting it in salt water. (Field crickets nibble at bladders twice made from retted fiber in order to get the salt, and so its importation into the United States is prohibited. When the crickets eat the twine the sheaves of grain are loosed.)

Using such inventions as stripping machines is "following the devil's wisdom" to the old-time Ilocano; and when a typhoon destroys his maguay fields he is not surprised. The man-god that works in the typhoon is supposed to wield two instruments of destruction—the bolo and the ax. In a moderate storm he is only using a big bolo, "natagulbadang," and in a harder storm his huge ax, "natagulwasay."

In spite of superstitions, however, machines for stripping fiber and also other modern aids to agriculture and rural living are being introduced successfully. The beliefs in evil spirits and avenging deities are old, but the young Ilocano is progressive.

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each head line and signature, money
in advance.
Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 1c per
word.
Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONE

Farmers Mutual..... 59

FRIDAY..... DECEMBER 1

If the American people don't know
what is best for America ask Clemen-
ceau, the Frenchman, who is touring
the U. S. for the purpose of casting
light in the dark places.

With turkeys bringing forty cents
per pound, as they gobble, a lot of
heads of families had a hard time
looking pleasant as they wielded the
carving knife on old Tom yesterday.

In this issue we reproduce Presi-
dent Harding's message delivered
to Congress last week. Whether one
favors Government aid to our mer-
chant marine or not the message
ought to be read by all who can do
so.

Potatoes 18 cents per bushel in
Wisconsin and Michigan and three
to four cents per pound in Hartford.
Is difference a plenty to make the
overworked head of a family growl
every time he looks a local spud in
the eye.

The Louisville Papers according
to the press out in the State have
been wanting to dictate the nominee
for Governor for the Democrats, in
the coming race, and their alleged
dictation has been strongly condemn-
ed from Mills Point to the Big Sandy.

Henry Ford, a man who is not a
historian, neither does he have any
particular knowledge of politics, tho
a man of stupendous business in-
terests and for that reason we pre-
sume would be an ideal candidate
to put up for President, according to
some of the Louisville papers.

Prof. John P. Tierman of South
Bend, Ind., who denied the father-
hood of a child borne by his wife,
lost a case in court to establish that
fact, has been divorced, remarried
to a woman whom he says did not
perhaps, have a legal right to marry,
has rejoined his original wife and
the divorce has, or is to be annulled.
We don't know whether it all hap-
pened in and before the same court
or not, but things just as strange
have happened.

Some of the Democratic Newspa-
pers are immensely pleased with Cle-
menceau and his line of speeches.
He, tho "Tiger" would have the Uni-
ted States shoulder all of France's ob-
ligations, straighten out all tangles,
in fact act as antidote for every ill.
And these self-same papers who are
forever and eternally lambasting the
present Administration for the high
rate of taxation and "cussing" be-
cause it has not been lowered are
busy handclapping and applauding
Clemenceau when he berates Ameri-
ca for not taking on other expen-
sive responsibilities. None of these
obligations for which the Country is
being sapped to meet, were incurred
under a Republican Administration,
yet they gleefully speak of deficits
and charge the deficiency to Repub-
lican management.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS

Cattle—Supply moderate and few
changes noted in values. Best light
butchers in fair demand at full stea-
dy prices; others slow and unchanged.
Few good heavy steers offered;
medium and in between steers neg-
lected. Strictly good quality stock-
ers and feeders in demand; common
stockers extremely slow sale. Fairly
good clearance noted.

Quotations—Prime heavy steers \$8
@ 8.75; heavy shipping steers \$7.50
@ 8; medium to good steers \$6 @
7.50; hewers \$4.50 @ 8.25; fat cows
\$4 @ 5.50; medium to good cows \$2-
75 @ 4; cutters \$2.50 @ 2.75; canners
\$2 @ 2.10; bulls \$2 @ 5; feeders \$5.50

@ 7; stockers \$3 @ 6.25; milch cows
\$15 @ 60.

Calves—Market steady. Best veal
\$8.50 down; medium \$4 @ 5; com-
mon \$2 @ 4.

Hogs—Market active and price
steady. Best hogs all weights
brought \$8.40; throwouts \$7.15
down.

Sheep and Lambs—Trade un-
changed. Bulk of the top lambs, \$12
down; seconds \$7 @ 8; best fat sheep
\$4.50 down; hucks \$2.50 @ 3.

Butter Eggs and Poultry.
Buying prices net to shipper the
shipper paying freight and drayage
charges are:

Butter—Country, packing stock,
23 cents lb.

Eggs—Candled firsts 46 @ 47c doz.
seconds 37c.

Poultry—Hens, large, 17c; small
15c; spring chickens, large 15c;
small 18c; roosters 8c; ducks 15c;
geese 14c; guineas, old 25c each;
young guineas 1 1/2 to 2 lbs, 50c each.
Above prices were those of Tues-
day.

SPRINGFIELD MAN NAMED ON EFFICIENCY BODY

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 27.—Governor
Morrow today completed the
personnel of the State Efficiency
Commission by the appointment of
Gabo Wharton, insurance man of
Springfield, to fill the vacancy caused
by the declination of John Barr
of Louisville. The other members
are John Stoll, Lexington banker;
Catesby Spear, Paris, and Guthrie
Coke, Logan County, all well-known
business men.

The commission will meet here
Friday and organize for the work.

A colored man in Alabama gave a
justice of the peace a big fat possum
as a wedding fee. Meeting the
groom a year after, the justice said:
"Well, Joe, how do you like married
life?"

"Well, suh," was the reply, "all I
klu say is—I wish I'd et dat possum."
—Country Gentleman.

STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

There's n lot more fun in laugh-
ing till you cry than crying till you
laugh.

It snowed about four inches of
nasty, wet slush Sunday night and
Monday.

Ernest Birkhead, the undertaker,
counts that day not lost that has a
place for a morning and afternoon
funeral.

Two things we can't get excited
about or interested in: A rifle shoot
in a distant State and a six-day's
bicycle meet.

Health is said to be wealth. It all
depends upon the viewpoint, and
whether or not it is a doctor doing
the viewing.

Speaking of funerals: The sickly
season of the year is upon us. Why
don't Birkhead buy Scud, the fune-
ral car driver, a silk hat?

We see where a man married af-
ter forty years of courtship—pre-
sume he had passed that stage in
life when one's resisting powers are
worn out.

If we had n lot of work to do we
would not hire a person who had
never done anything wrong. If we
knew it. Because if we hired one
to work we would want him to do it.

Big packers say that wholesale
prices of meats are back to before-
the war levels. Won't some good
Samaritan please page the local
butchers and gently break the news
to them?

Kaiser Bial says mixing drinks is
just about ready to be heaved into
the class of other lost arts. As if
a fellow happens to get a wee drop
he gulps it down like a dry steer at
a rain barrel fearing discovery and
confiscation by some revenueur.

Elijah, the Prophet, whose other
name is that of the noted doubter,
and the newest employe down at the
Herald office, says as how since his
boss has took unto himself n partner,
and working in spliced harness, will
not be around the shop as much as he
used to be, ought to make it lots
easier on the Devil.

Kaiser Bial says when you hear
a man and woman say they have
been living together for ten and fif-
teen years without a single jar or
the intimation of harsh or cross word,
one to the other, its a sign of two
things, viz: somebody's prevaricated
or have n get up and get in them
and are not worth a darn.

MEXICO ITS HOME

Domestic Species of Turkey Had
Origin There.

Thanksgiving Bird, So Well and Fa-
vorably Known Today, Never of
the Wild Species.

At this time of the year when the
feasting holidays are here, almost
everyone thinks of turkey, which also
took an important part in the first
Thanksgiving of the Puritans, the
founders of Thanksgiving as we know
it today. Little is known of the early
history of the domestic turkey. Writers
of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth cen-
turies seem to have been ignorant
about it, and to have regarded it as
the guineafowl or pintado of the an-
cients, a mistake which was not
cleared up until the middle of the last
century, says a writer in the New
York Sun.

The name it now bears, and which
it received in England where it is re-
puted to have been introduced in 1541,
was given it from the supposition that
it came originally from Turkey. As
far back as 1573 we read of it as
having been the Christmas fare of the
sturdy British yeomanry.

Came From Mexican Fowl.
Audubon, one of the early pioneers
of American ornithology, supposed our
common barnyard turkey to have origi-
nated in the wild bird so prevalent
in the eastern half of the United
States. But it has always been a mat-
ter of surprise to naturalists that the
latter did not assimilate, by inter-
breeding and reversion, more intima-
tely in color and habits to the domestic
form. No suspicion, until recently,
appears to have been entertained that
the two birds might belong to different
species.

Our common wild turkey, once so
plentiful in Pennsylvania and New
York, is now restricted to the more
eastern and southern portions of the



Perfect Specimens.

United States, while in the parts of
Texas, New Mexico, Colorado and
Arizona, thence stretching southward
along the eastern slope of Mexico,
there exists another form, essentially
different, which by way of distinction,
has been popularly called the Mexican
turkey. It is from this species, and
not from the other, as has been erro-
neously supposed, that the domestic
fowl has been derived.

Many Differences Seen.
Between the wild bird of eastern
North America and the Mexican and
typical barnyard fowls there are dif-
ferences which must be apparent to
the most superficial observer. The
extremities of the tail feathers as
well as the feathers overlying the
base of the tail are in the latter
creamy or fulvous white, while in the
former they are of a decided chestnut
brown color. Other characteristics
exist, apparent to the ornithologist.

The difficulty experienced in estab-
lishing a cross between our wild and
tame birds, shows that they are not
closely related as one would suppose.
Did a near kinship exist, interbreed-
ing would more easily be accomplished.
With the Mexican turkey, matters are
otherwise. That a relationship does
exist between the domestic bird and
the latter there can be no question, as
specimens of the naturalized species
are often met with which are nearly
the counterpart of its Mexican pro-
genitor, differing only in the greater
development of the fatty appendages
of the head and neck, differences
which may be accounted for as the
effects of the influences to which the
birds have been subjected by man.
No well-authenticated instance of
similar reversions to our once fau-
ltering eastern bird have been known to oc-
cur, which would necessarily have been
the case had they been so closely re-
lated as was once maintained.



America's Own Day.

Thanksgiving is particularly our
own holiday. It originated here and
no other continent than this has it.
Except for the Thanksgiving days
of the United States and Canada
there is in all the earth no official oc-
casion for retreating thanks to Provi-
dence by the people as a people irre-
spective of sect. Christmas and
New Year's are celebrated wherever
the cross has found its way; inde-
pendence and memorial days are ob-
served in many lands; but the only
national Thanksgiving day is ours.

Announcing a Sale

December 4th to 10th.

Our bargain tables will be loaded with
articles at 1-3 to 1-2 off regular prices.
Below are some of our many bargains:

Pine, Tar and Cherry Pectoral was 30c, now 20c
Infants' White Pine Cordial was 30c, now 20c
Syrup White Pine Compound was 30c, now 20c
Dr. Shoops Cough Syrup was 25c, now 15c
Ballards Horehound Syrup was 25c, now 20c
Otto's Spruce Gum Balsam was 25c, now 20c
Drake's Glesco Cough Syrup was 50c, now 44c
Porter's Pain King and Ointment 1/2 price
Turpo Ointment was 50c and 25c, now 40c and 20c
Kimosan Oil was 25c, now 18c
Japanese Oil was 60c, now 50c
Hill's Specific was 25c, now 18c
Petro-Menta Ointment was 25c, now 15c
Avalon Farm Remedies 1/2 price
Columbia Records 65c each or 3 for \$1.75

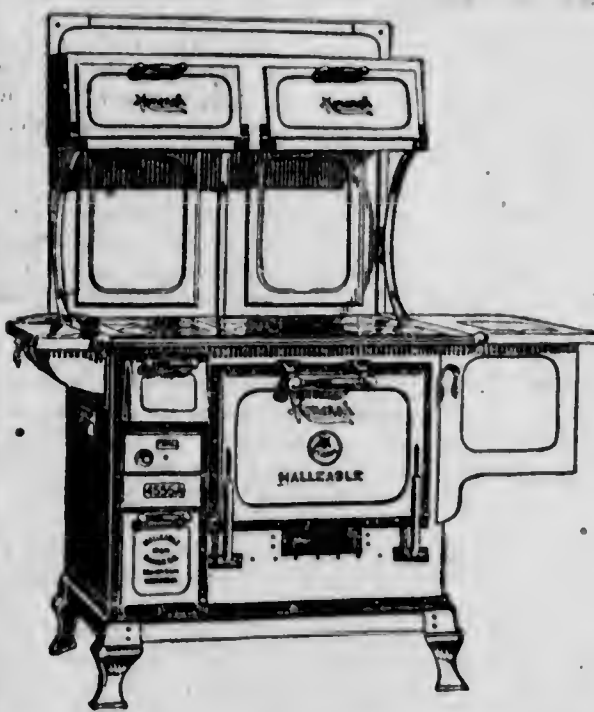
Toilet Goods, Powders, Rouges, Creams, all reduced.
Many other articles on sale too numerous to men-
tion.

A Pencil FREE to every school child who visits the
store Monday morning.

OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO., Hartford, Ky.

The Monarch

Will Meet Your Range
Requirements



and give you "Dollar for Dollar Value."

It is a range constructed of quality mate-
rial and workmanship. Nothing is sacri-
ficed to make it attractive in appearance and
lasting in service.

ACTON BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

HUSSMANNIZED MEATS

Regular Meals
Hot and Cold
LUNCHES
Hamburgers
Hot Soups
Extra Select
Oysters
Celery
Brains, Fish
Steaks and
Chops

FRUITS OF ALL KINDS
Apples, Oranges, Bananas,
Grapes, Lemons, Pears,
Cranberries

WHITMAN'S CANDIES

Full Line
NOTIONS
Hot and Cold
DRINKS
Milk
Coffee
Hot Chocolate
Cook's Dry
Coca Cola
Pops
Ice Cream

Jas. A. Tate's
Restaurant
At Old Hartford House,
HARTFORD, KY.

Cocoanuts
English Walnuts
Mixed Nuts

TOBACCOES
Cigarettes Smoking
Cigars Chewing
Wellington Pipes
Lowest price in town on Cigarettes.

Canned Goods
Breakfast Foods
Cakes, Pies

Special Values



We are receiving this week some extra fine Coats that we consider unusual values. If you are interested in a good garment at a low price, do not fail to investigate our stock.

Besides these, we are offering out of our regular stock some special prices on

COATS, SUITS and DRESSES

—FOR—

Friday and Saturday

a 25 per cent reduction on any dress in our Ready-to-Wear Department.

MILLINERY

Some special winter styles are now in stock. See us at once, as we are offering some big values at a low price.

FAIR & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

FRUITS
Apples
Oranges
Bananas
Grapes
DRINKS
Milk
Coffee
Coca Cola
Cook's Dry
Pops

Nuts Candles Chewing Gum

EATS
Hot Soup
Hot Hamburgers
Fresh Oysters
Pork Brains
Pork Chops
TOBACCOS
Smoking
Chewing
Cigarettes
Cigars

Heg's Place
HARTFORD, KY.

Celery Head Lettuce, Etc.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Pure hog lard, home rendered at W. A. HIMES.

James Carter, of Narrows, was in Hartford, Monday.

Fresh, River Catfish at TATE'S Friday and Saturday.

When in town drop into HEG'S for a bowl of Good Soup. 2113

Mr. L. E. Charlet, of Livermore, was in Hartford Tuesday.

Apples, Oranges, Bananas, Grapes, Celery, Head Lettuce at all times at 2113 HEG'S.

Our old friend, E. B. Finley, of Select, was a visitor at this office Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bean, city, were week-end guests of relatives at Dundee.

Mr. and Mrs. McDowell A. Fogle returned from their honeymoon trip, Saturday night.

Messrs. Glenn Barnes and H. D. Estes, city, were in Owensboro Friday of last week.

Woven wire, barbed wire and poultry and rabbit fencing at 2014 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

We will have a car of salt in a few days. See us for salt. Get our prices. W. E. ELLIS & BRO. 2014 Hartford, Ky.

J. P. Cambron, of near Adashur, was in Hartford, Monday.

Messrs. R. May and Cissal Calvert, of Equality, were in this city, Monday.

Attorney A. D. Kirk, city, went to Owensboro Monday, returning Tuesday.

Fresh Oysters, Pork Brains, Pork Sausage, fresh and smoked, Pork Chops at HEG'S. 2113

The local Orchestra will be heard, as an added attraction, at the Star Theatre, tonight.

Boys! girls! Don't forget about that good Whitman's Candy at TATE'S. Try a box.

The Ohio County Drug Company is putting on a sale 4th to 10th. See their ad elsewhere in this issue.

Messrs. Alfonso Decker, of Rockport and Herman Decker of Paradise, were in Hartford Wednesday.

Mr. George L. Klein and son, Paul J., of Quincy, Ill., were in Hartford from Sunday until Tuesday, on business.

Mr. Ernest Wilson, of Greenville, was in Hartford Monday, and made this office an appreciated call while here.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Carson, city, spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Carson's mother, Mrs. J. P. Foster, No. Creek.

We are now wanting Thanksgiving turkeys. We buy eggs and poultry every day in the year. Highest cash prices paid. W. E. ELLIS & BRO. 2014

Hon. A. S. Bennett, of Louisville, spent from Saturday until Tuesday afternoon in Hartford.

Great bargains at the Ohio County Drug Company's sale 4th to 10th. See their ad in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hunter, Mrs. P. B. Taylor and Mrs. E. E. Birkhead were in Owensboro Monday.

Mr. S. T. Barnett, who has been seriously ill at his home here, showed considerable improvement, on last report.

Money to Loan—Low rate of interest. No commission. CLARENCE BARTLETT, Atty. at Law, Hartford.

Mrs. W. H. Gillespie and little son, Marcus Ray, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mills, in Owensboro, Friday and Saturday.

Corinth and Francis Taylor, of Owensboro, were week-end guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Renter, city.

OWENSBORO WAGONS are recognized as the best. See our line before buying. ACTON BROS. 2212 Hartford, Ky.

We will pay you the highest cash price for rabbits after Nov. 15th. W. E. ELLIS & BRO. 2014 Hartford, Ky.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Duff, of Dundee, left Tuesday morning for Rochester, Minn., where Mrs. Duff will be under treatment for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Casebier, of Central City, were guests of Mr. Casebier's mother, Mrs. Hulda Casebier and family, city, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Nance, of Owensboro, were guests of Mrs. Nance's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Woodward, city, Sunday and Monday.

George Calvin Keown, of Evansville, Ind., arrived in Hartford Monday, to be the guest of his grandfather, Mr. Cal P. Keown, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Carson, and children, city, were guests of Mrs. Carson's brother, Jesse Foster and family, of the Noecreek community, Sunday.

Judge and Mrs. J. D. Holbrook, Mrs. Wm. Everett Himes, Misses Margaret King, Helen and Ruby Westerfield, city, were in Owensboro Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Coyle, moved Wednesday, from the Washington, country, to the home vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Barrett Russell, on Bonner Avenue, Hartford.

Mrs. John Lindley and daughter, Mrs. DeWitt Martin, and the latter's little daughter, of near Livermore, visited Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Barnett Tuesday and Wednesday.

Hon. I. S. Mason, traveling representative of the New England Life Insurance Co., is at his home here, recuperating from an operation for the removal of a tumor.

Messdames J. C. Gentry, Livermore, and John X. Taylor, Harlington, were guests Wednesday night and Thursday of their brother, Mr. R. B. Martin, and Mrs. Martin, city.

Mr. and Mrs. James Daniel, Hartford, Route 3, are the parents of an eight pound baby girl, born Sunday November 26. The little lady has been christened Emma Ernestine.

Mrs. Robert Mason, suffered painful, though not serious, burns to one of her arms, shoulder and neck in the explosion of a gas stove, in their rooms at Lexington, Monday.

Mrs. A. V. Goodin and infant child, of Charleston, Mo., arrived in Hartford Tuesday night to spend about ten days with Mrs. Goodin's parents, Capt. and Mrs. S. K. Cox and other relatives.

Miss Emilie Pendleton, Central City, arrived in Hartford Wednesday night, to spend the remainder of the week as the guest of her father, Dr. E. B. Pendleton and Mrs. Pendleton.

Mrs. Sallie Harrison, of Narrows, Mrs. Aunie Sharp, of St. Paul, Minn., Mr. Cyrus Sharp and little daughter, of Narrows, were guests of Judge and Mrs. R. R. Wedding, city, Wednesday of last week.

COLD WEATHER IS HERE—One of the necessities of life is warmth. We have a full line of Coal Heaters,

Ford-Lincoln-Fordson

It is unnecessary to wait until warm weather to buy an Automobile. A closed car affords all the comforts in winter that an open car affords in summer. The Coupe and Sedan have the easy riding qualities found only in high priced cars. Call on us; we will show you the advantages of the quality closed car.

Coupe, \$593.54

Sedan, \$661.14

DELIVERED

Beaver Dam Auto Co.

BOTH PHONES.

BEAVER DAM, KY.

BOTH PHONES.

DOG TAG FOR 1923.

For the benefit of the dog owners of Ohio County, I wish to say that the Dog Law has not been repealed, as some think. You are required to get your tags on or before the first day of January. Send by mail \$1.02 for the first male dog and \$2.00 for each subsequent male dog, and \$2.02 for the first female dog and \$4.00 for each subsequent female dog, also give the following information, viz:

Your Post Office Address
Your Voting Precinct
Breed or Kind of Dog
Age of Dog
Color of Dog

GUY RANNEY,
Clerk Ohio County Court.

Wood Heaters, Coal Buckets and Shovels. ACTON BROS. 2212 Hartford, Ky.

Mrs. Chester Wilson and little daughter, Francis Doe, of the Green River country, will return home Sunday, after spending a week in Hartford, as guests of Mrs. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Collins, of Spruce Pine, Ala., arrived in Hartford Sunday night to be guests of Mrs. Collins' father, Mr. S. T. Barnett, who is ill. Mr. Collins, returned home Tuesday, while Mrs. Collins, remained for a while longer.

Messrs. N. A. Yeiser and Jno. T. King, city, Hobart Tinsley and Ulysses Trogden, of the Washington community, who for the past few months had been employed in the construction of the Kentucky Timber Products Company, Louisville, returned to their homes Monday.

WANTED—Man to succeed E. P. Taylor, Retailing Rawleigh Good Health Food Products: Spices, Flavors, Medicines, Toilet preparations, etc. 150 everyday necessities used by millions. Largest Company; established 34 years. Favorably known all over America. No experience, practically no capital needed. We teach you to manage your own permanent big paying business. \$2,000-\$5,000 yearly. Write for application. Give age, occupation, references. W. T. RAWLEIGH CO. Dept. 137 Freeport, Ill. 2113

We want you to attend the Second Session of the Owensboro District Standard Training School for Sunday School Workers, at the Bible Memorial Methodist Church, Owensboro, Ky., December 4-8, 1922. A real workers opportunity for service. Credits granted, Tuition Free. Paid Expert Instructors. For information and reservation write, wire or phone JUS. W. SEAY, Owensboro, Ky.

LOCKOUT TO MAKE 60,000 MEN IDLE

New York, Nov. 27—The Mason Builders' Association today issued a lockout order to its 128 members, ordering them to pay off all bricklayers employed by them at 5 p. m. tomorrow, as a protest against the bricklayers' refusal to work with independent laborers.

Announcement of the lockout was made by Christian G. Norman, chairman of the board of governors of the Building Trade Employers' Association, which has endorsed the stand of the Mason Builders' Association.

Norman declared that he had been informed by counsel for the non-union hod carriers that an injunction returnable Wednesday had been issued, forbidding the bricklayers from discriminating against independent laborers.

The lockout, officials agreed, would affect about 60,000 workers in the building trade in the metropolitan district immediately and would render idle another 65,000 within a month.

About \$100,000,000 in construction work in the metropolitan area may be tied up, officials estimated.

BEAVER DAM

Mr. Robert Lee of Olatou, was in this city Monday, and dined with R. C. Duff and family.

The eighteen months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Louie Evans died at the Evans home in West Beech street Saturday, and the interment occurred in the Arnold cemetery.

Mrs. Carl Ferguson was ill several days this week.

R. P. Likens is removing his family from S. Main to an apartment in North Main at Fourth street.

Beaver Dam was visited by a very disastrous fire early Monday morning. The I. C. depot was totally destroyed by a blaze of unknown

origin. It is said that considerable freight, two pianos, a gasoline engine, furniture, several pouches of mail and other articles in the it, were destroyed.

Mr. Ernest Wilson, of Greenville, was in Beaver Dam on business Monday.

The first snow of the winter in Beaver Dam Sunday afternoon. A snow storm however, visited on Monday, and winter seemed to have begun in earnest.

Mrs. J. F. Allen and daughter, Eva Allen, were week-end guests of relatives in Olatou and Rosine.

Mr. W. E. Halle was at Ford visiting friends, one day recent.

SHORTEST TERM OF COURT IN STATE

Maysville, Ky., Nov. 27.—Maysville returned here from Mt. Vernon where they attended the Ohio Circuit Court say that it was the shortest session ever held in the State.

The petit jury was selected but as there was only one case to be tried and that was compromised after jury was sworn they were immediately dismissed.

The grand jury adjourned after a brief session of a few hours without returning any indictments.

Only one person has been sent to the penitentiary from Robertson County in several years.

FOR SALE

Second-hand, 20 in. Meal and belt Corn Shelter. These machines are as good as new, or use one year. 2014 W. E. ELLIS & B.

Mother—Don't ask so many questions, Katie. Don't you know curiosity once killed a cat? Katie—What did the cat eat? Mother—What did the cat know, mother?—Chicago Per

\$5.75 Pays For Both

Subscribe For Your Home Paper

The Hartford Republican

—AND—

Louisville Daily Herald

Kentucky's Greatest Newspaper.

You Should Read The Louisville Herald

A metropolitan daily paper that contains a complete telegraph and cable service covering the world. State news from correspondents in all parts of Kentucky. The Herald's local service gives all the news of Louisville and suburbs. Society, Financial, Market and Sport pages, are in charge of the most reliable authorities on these special subjects.

Does it mean anything to you to be supplied with a daily newspaper that interests every member of the family? Then it is the Louisville Herald you want in addition to your local paper.

If you also desire the Sunday Herald add \$2.50 to your remittance.

Order your subscription through

THE REPUBLICAN,
Hartford, Ky.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

The alfalfa acreage of Michigan increased over 260,000 acres this year following alfalfa campaigns conducted the past winter by agricultural extension workers in that State, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture.

Farmers last year entered over 194,000 cows in cow-testing associations to determine their standing as butter-fat producers thru demonstrations by agricultural extension workers, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture.

Over 9,450,000 pounds of meat cured, 2,600,000 pounds of lard, and 3,900,000 pounds of sausage made in 1921 in farm homes where none had been made before are reported to the United States Department of Agriculture as the result of demonstrations in meat conservation by home demonstration agents.

Next to the United Kingdom, Italy is the largest importer of American wheat, having received over 32,000,000 bushels in 1920, according to the United States Department of Agriculture. France ranks next, with 26,000,000 for the same year.

Of the leading markets New York is often quoted as paying the highest prices for very early arrivals of fruits and vegetables, but during the height of the season it often quoted below the others, says the United States Department of Agriculture.

Nearly two-thirds of the butter produced in the United States in 1921 was made in creameries, according to a report of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Shipments of sheep and lambs back to the country for feeding showed an increase during the first nine months of this year of 355,000 head, or more than 21 per cent, over the corresponding period of last year, although there was a decrease in market receipts of 2,206,000 head, or nearly 13 per cent, according to a report of the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Production of potatoes this year in 16 countries is estimated to be 675,000,000 bushels more than last year and 40,000,000 more than the average production for the five years 1909-1913 according to figures compiled by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The total acreage of potatoes in 1922 for the 24 countries for which estimates are available, was 20,261,000 acres.

The United States Department of Agriculture maintains a butter-inspection service on the Boston, Chicago, New York and Philadelphia,

and San Francisco markets, and at the request of shippers or other financially interested parties makes official inspection of butter offered for interstate shipment or received at important central markets designated by the Secretary of Agriculture.

More than a billion and a half pounds of butter was produced in the United States during 1921, according to the United States Department of Agriculture. This is an increase of 10 1/2 per cent over the production in 1920. Consumption increased more than production by 20,000,000 pounds, the difference being taken care of by imports and butter withdrawn from cold storage.

Ten years' work by the Federal agricultural experiment station in Guam on adaptation of Temperate-Zone vegetables to the soil and climate there has resulted in the introduction of varieties of many vegetables into the gardens of natives of Guam. Previous to this very few garden vegetables were grown. Beans, carrots, corn, cucumbers, eggplant, pumpkins, and watermelons are reported to the United States Department of Agriculture as being among those best adapted to conditions on that island.

Effective Rat Clean-up.

The bad results of carelessness in leaving breaks in the basement walls of a building originally intended to be rat proof are shown in a case recently reported to the Biological Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture. In the course of a rat campaign in Portland, Ore., in which the rodent-control men from the department were backed by the city bureau of health and the chamber of commerce, a building with un-repaired breaks of this sort was visited. The owner was advised to clean up all the rubbish in his basement, repair the breaks in the cement wall, use barium carbonate on Hamburg steak to poison the rats, and also to set some traps. A few days later it was learned that in removing the trash three rat nests were uncovered, one of which contained 15 young. Thirty-six adult rats were found dead the morning after the poison was spread.

President Establishes New Bird Reservation.

A 40-acre tract adjoining the elk refuge near Jackson, Wyo., has been established as a new national bird reservation by Executive order. It will be known as the Flint Creek Reservation, and will serve throughout the year as a breeding and resting place for the wild fowl and other birds of the region. Late in fall and in winter it will serve another purpose in affording additional pasture

age to the elk herds coming down from the mountains in and about the Yellowstone National Park to winter in the Jackson Hole region. Both the elk refuge and the Flat Creek Reservation are under the jurisdiction of the Biological Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture.

250 Beef Bulls Distributed by "Better-Sires Sales."

As a result of cooperative sales, commonly termed "better-sires sales" because of their nature and purpose, progressive live-stock owners in Kentucky distributed 250 pure-bred beef bulls this year. The majority of the bulls are to be used for improving grade herds. The number of bulls disposed of in the sales mentioned do not include those distributed thru private sales which breeders conducted themselves.

In connection with better-sires work in Kentucky extension workers in animal husbandry are conducting demonstration work in live-stock feeding. In a number of counties field-day meetings are held in feed lots. The meetings assist materially. State college of agriculture believes, in showing and teaching better feeding practices along with the importance of good breeding.

Weather Bureau Works With Other Federal Departments.

The Weather Bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture cooperates with other Federal departments in many ways, thus avoiding duplication of activity in different bureaus. Its Marine Division, for example, collects reports from ships at sea and prepares charts of the weather in various waters for the use of pilots; these charts are printed, together with other information of value to ship captains, by the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department.

Its aerological investigations supply information of a practical nature to Artillery, aviation, and other interests concerned with conditions in the upper air. In studies of wind velocities the Weather Bureau works cooperatively with the Bureau of Standards, which has several wind tunnels for this purpose. Recently arrangements have been made whereby the Weather Bureau will send a representative to Air Service stations of the War Department to deliver lectures on meteorological subjects. The first of these lectures were given on November 15 and 16 at Langley Field, Va., before a number of officers taking a course of training at the tactical school.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

TREASURE HIDDEN IN BARN

After a long search Marlon Newton, Mount Vernon, Ill., found hidden away in a stall in his barn a wooden box containing \$11,800 in gold, silver and currency. Mlee had gnawed into the box and torn several bills of large denomination almost beyond redemption. The money had been left by Newton's father who died several months before.

IMPRISON ABDUCTOR OF GIRL.

Hundreds of angry people cheered when Raymond Wilson, ex-convict, was sentenced by a Muskegon, Mich., court to from 35 to 40 years in the penitentiary for abducting 11-year-old Rosalie Shanty, child swimming and diving marvel. The court expressed regret that there was no way to extend the sentence beyond the legal maximum term of 40 years. The child was kidnapped by Wilson while on her way home from Sunday school and was later found in a pitiable condition wandering through a wild forest.

GETS MAXIMUM SENTENCE.

Mrs. Mabel Champion, who was charged with killing Thomas O'Connell, in a Cleveland restaurant, was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury composed of seven women and five men. Judge Bernon imposed the maximum sentence of 20 years in the Ohio penitentiary. O'Connell was shot while in a fist fight with Mrs. Champion's husband.

"Sir, I am entirely a self-made man!" magniloquently asserted the Hon. Boanerges Blawhaw.

"It is very commendable in you to own up to it," said old Gauntum Grimm. "Many a man would have blamed it on his wife."—Country Gentleman.

Said the friend to the proud father of a college graduate who had just been awarded an A. M. degree: "I suppose Robert will be looking for a Ph.D. next?"

"No, he will be looking for a J. O. B."—Christian-Evangelist.

THE GENUS TRAMPUS

First Tramp (musing)—Do you know, pard, they say dreams never come true?

Second Tramp—They do sometimes. When I was a kid I used to dream of the time I could wear long pants. I wear them now all right, and nobody ever wore them any longer.

"You will never get anywhere unless you have higher ideals than this," preached the woman to whose door the tramp had applied for assistance. "Are you really content to spend your life walking around the country begging?"

"No, lady," answered Weary Willie. "Many's the time I've wished I had an auto."

"And why should I help you?" demanded the Boston citizen.

"Sir," replied the Boston tramp, "I can offer you no coherent reason. Your motives must be altruistic."

This got him a dime.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

At the back door a large and healthy looking individual had asked for "a little something to eat," and had been told that he might have it if he would work a while at the wood-pile. He shook his head mournfully.

"I've got the ague," he explained, "and my hand is so unsteady that I couldn't hit more'n one stick in seven."

"All right!" exclaimed the mistress of the house, "then shake those ashes for me."—Wayside Tales.

WALTONIANS NEVER IN PRISON, SAYS PREACHER

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Not a solitary dyed-in-the-wool fisherman or nature lover is ever found behind prison bars.

So declared the Rev. Preston Bradley, pastor of the People's Pulpit, at a recent meeting of the Izank Walton Club.

"Bad men have no love for the out-of-doors," he said. "They can't stand to be alone with themselves. Statistics show that not one of the major criminals of today liked to fish, loved a dog or smoked a pipe."

SHEEP CAN LIVE 280 DAYS ON PRICKLY PEARS

Johannesburg, S. A., Nov. 25.—Experiments on the government agricultural farm at Grootfontein proved that a sheep can exist for 280 days solely on a diet of prickly pears and, if a little lucerne plant is added, for 500 days without a drop of water. That beats the camel.

\$500 ROLL IN CHIMNEY.

Workmen engaged at wrecking the chimney of an old blacksmith shop at Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., found a roll of \$500 in paper money tucked away in the opening. At least that is the story that got abroad. Declaring that Blacksmith McClave, former owner of the shop, was in the habit of hiding money about the place, heirs of the latter's estate laid claim to the money as did the men who succeeded McClave as owners. The contractor doing the work insisted that the story of the find was "only a joke" and refused to hand over \$500 to any one.

\$25,000 IN ASH HEAP

Partly buried in an ash heap near his home six-year-old Jack Horner, of Chicago found a jar filled with "pretty papers." He carried the papers home obtained a pair of scissors and proceeded to amuse himself cutting out the pictures. He had been at work an hour when his father came home. After a gasp or two of surprise the elder Horner snatched the scissors away. The pretty papers which the child had found proved to be Liberty bonds aggregating about \$25,000 in value. About \$5,000 worth had been cut up by the scissors. The bonds apparently had been hidden by a thief who feared detection.

Bill—How did you distinguish the children from their mothers at the beach last summer?

Pbil—I always said: "Hello, kiddies, enjoying yourselves?" and if they resented it and there were any husband-like-looking men around, I beat it.—Legion Weekly.

SELLS HERSELF FOR HEALTH

Mrs. Schormerborn, of Des Moines, Iowa, advertised in newspapers offering to "sell herself" to any man who would give her \$5,000 to obtain medical treatment in an effort to recover from paralyzed nerve centers received when shot by her husband three years ago. Many replies were received and Mrs. Schormerborn accepted the offer of a Chicago bank

A CASH OFFER

The Hartford Republican has made a special clubbing rate with the Memphis Weekly Commercial Appeal by which we will furnish both papers for one year for the low price of

\$1.75

The Commercial Appeal is one of the largest and best papers in the South and we hope to receive many new subscribers on this offer. One dollar and seventy-five cents cash for both papers. Send in your subscription now. Don't delay.

employee who promises to pay her the money in \$500 installments and to allow her a year to regain her health and beauty before she performs her part of the contract—marriage to him.

THOUGHT NEGRO HUSBAND INDIAN

Mrs. Irene Peters, of Washington, is seeking annulment of her marriage with Paul Peters, who she claims is a negro. Mrs. Peters says that she knew Peters for five years but was led to believe he was of Indian descent until he was indicted by a grand jury under the law forbidding the marriage of a negro with a white woman.

DIRECTORY Ohio County

CIRCUIT COURT

Meets first Monday in March, May and July; third Monday in September and fourth Monday in November: Judge—George S. Wilson, Owensboro. Com'rs. Attorney—Glover H. Cary, Calhoun.

Clerk—Frank Black. Master Commissioner—B. H. Ellis. Trustee Jury Fund—L. B. Tichenor.

COUNTY COURT

Convenes first Monday in each month: Judge—R. R. Wedding. County Att'y.—Otto C. Martin. Clerk—Guy Ranney. Sheriff—G. A. Ralph; Deputies: Mack Cook, Iris Render, George P. Jones. Jailor—Nat Hudson.

QUARTERLY COURT

Convenes first Monday in each month.

FISCAL COURT

Convenes Tuesday after first Monday in January; first Tuesday in April and October. R. R. Wedding County Judge, presiding. 1st District—J. P. McCoy, Hartford. 2nd District—W. C. Kibbit, Centertown. 3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons. 4th District—J. R. Murphy, Fordsville. 5th District—Sam H. Holbrook, Hartford. R. F. D. No. 4. 6th District—Mack Martin, Narrows. R. F. D. No. 2. 7th District—J. Walter Taylor, Beaver Dam. R. F. D. No. 3.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Superintendent—Mrs. I. S. Mason. Convenes First Monday in every month.—Mrs. I. S. Mason, S. S. O. C., and ex-officio Secretary-Treasurer. R. A. Owen, Chairman, Hartford. R. F. D. No. 6. W. R. Carson, Vice Chairman, Hartford. R. F. D. No. 3. Nat Lindley, Centertown. R. F. D. 1. Otis Stevens, Beaver Dam. Claud Rentrup, Dundee.

Examinations.

For Common School Diplomas—Fourth Friday and Saturday in January, and Second Friday and Saturday in May. To be held in Fordsville, Beaver Dam and Hartford.

For Teachers' Certificates—Third Friday and Saturday in May, June and September. Except notice is given to the contrary the latter examinations will be held in Hartford.

OTHER OFFICERS

Tax Commissioner—R. F. Keown, Fordsville. Surveyor—C. S. Moxley, Fordsville. Representative—Ira Jones, White Run.

HARTFORD

Police Judge—J. D. Holbrook. Mayor—W. C. Blankenship.

ROCKPORT

Robert L. Green, Judge. Lee W. Pherson, Marshall. Edd Cooper, Chairman. W. H. Blackburn, Clerk. Stillie Mason, Treasurer.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy. At thousands have testified. **FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE** It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. His extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or prepaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Mother's use Frey's Vermifuge

For the Children A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms. Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimony. FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you. Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones healthy and happy. See bottles at your druggist's or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you, send him name and 30c in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly. F. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION

FOR ONE MONTH

A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.

LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS O.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your troubles. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminate poisons, cleanse system and relieve constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its action, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grisby. For sale by J. H. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ky.

PRESIDENT HARDING'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

(Continued from 2nd page.)

analysis is no new expenditure. It should be kept in mind that the loan fund to encourage building is not new; it is the law already, enacted by the essentially unanimous vote of Congress. It is only included in the pending bill in order to amend so as to assure the execution of a minimum interest rate by the Government, whereas the existing law leaves the grant of building loans subject to any whim of favoritism.

It should be kept in mind, also, that there are assured limitations of the Government aid proposed. The direct aid, with ocean carrying maintained at our present participation, will not reach twenty millions a year, and the maximum direct aid, that we carry one-half of our deep seas commerce, will not exceed thirty millions annually. At the very maximum of outlay we should be saving twenty millions of our present annual operating loss. If the maximum is every reached, the establishment of our merchant marine will have been definitely recorded and the Government-owned fleet fortunately liquidated.

From this point of view it is the simple incontestable wisdom of business-like dealing to save all that is possible of the annual loss and avoid the millions sure to be left to the Government's capital account in sacrificing our fleet. But there is a bigger, broader, more inspiring viewpoint, a patriotic viewpoint. I prefer to the constructive action of today which offers the only dependable promise of making our war-time inheritance of ships the foundation of a great agency of commerce in peace and added guaranty of service when it is necessary to our national defense.

Thus far I have been urging Government aid to American shipping, having in mind every interest of our producing population, whether of mine, factory or farm, because expanding commerce is the foremost thought of every nation in the world today.

Believes in Government Aid

I believe in Government aid becomingly bestowed. We have aided industry through our tariffs; we have aided railway transportation in land grants and loans. We have aided the construction of market roads and the improvement of inland waterways. We have aided reclamation and irrigation and the development of water power; we have loaned for seed grains in anticipation of harvests. We expend millions in investigation and experimentation to promote a common benefit, though a limited few are the direct beneficiaries. We have loaned hundreds of millions to promote the marketing of American goods. It has all been commendable and highly worth while.

At the present moment the American farmer is the chief sufferer from the cruel readjustments which follow war's inflation, and befitting Government aid to our farmers is highly essential to our national welfare. No people may safely boast a good fortune which the farmer does not share.

Already this Congress and the administrative branch of the Government have given willing ear to the agricultural plan for post-war relief, and much has been done which has proven helpful. Admittedly it is not enough.

Credit Systems Must Be Broadened

Our credit systems, under Government provision and control, must be promptly and safely broadened to relieve our agricultural distress.

To this problem and such others of pressing importance as reasonably may be dealt with in the short

session I shall invite your attention at an early day.

I have chosen to confine myself to the specific problem of dealing with our merchant marine because I have asked you to assemble two weeks in advance of the regularly appointed time to expedite its consideration. The executive branch of the Government would feel itself remiss to contemplate our yearly loss and attending failure to accomplish if the conditions were not pressed for your decision. More, I would feel myself lacking in concern for America's future if I failed to stress the beckoning opportunity to equip the United States to assume a hefting place whose commerce is inseparable from the good fortunes to which rightfully all peoples aspire.

ARNOLD

Rev. M. G. Snell closed one of the greatest meetings last Saturday night at Mount Liberty that we have had in our country for a long time. There was a large number of conversions and a great spiritual awakening among the Christians.

Bro. Snell is a strong preacher and has made many friends in this community who will always hold him in the highest esteem for his great service rendered us.

ROBERT BURDEN, Pastor.

Do You Enjoy Your Meals?

If you do not enjoy your meals your digestion is faulty. Eat moderately, especially of meats, masticate your food thoroughly. Let five hours elapse between meals and take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper and you will soon find your meals to be a real pleasure.

STATE U. ACCEPTS

PATTERSON WILL

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 24.—The Board of Trustees of the University of Kentucky in special meeting today formally accepted the provisions of the will of the late Dr. James K. Patterson, president emeritus and for forty years president of the University of Kentucky, directing that the income of his estate be used to create a college to be named for William Andrew Patterson, Dr. Patterson's deceased son, to train young men for diplomatic and consular service of the United States and to provide special training for those who may seek employment in extending upon national and scientific lines the commercial relations of America.

Additional provisions that Dr. Patterson's library, consisting of several thousand volumes and worth \$10,000, be given to the university, provided it remains intact in the house in which Dr. Patterson lived and died, were also accepted.

STOMACH PUMP IS USED ON CHILD 2 YEARS OLD

Ashland, O., Nov. 25.—When it was found that little Marian Dannelly, 2-year-old daughter of Dr. G. R. Dannelly and Mrs. Dannelly, had swallowed a large pill containing a small amount of arsenic a stomach pump was used. The child swallowed a fourteen-inch rubber tube, the size of a lead pencil, used in connection with the stomach pump.

GOLD NUGGET IN COAL ASHES

When Harry Lyle, Danville, Va., emptied a panful of ashes from a stove he saw the gleam of yellow metal. Raking through the ashes he found what appeared to be a small gold nugget. A jeweler who later examined the find pronounced it 14-karat gold. No one knows whether it had been a bit of refined gold inadvertently thrown into the stove or was a natural nugget taken out of the West Virginia mine with the coal.

Kant—This place certainly turns out fine men.

Deenartes—When did you graduate; they turned me out.—Notre Dame Juggler.

MRS. HARDING VOTES.

In spite of her illness Mrs. Harding took a deep interest in the political campaign, and in voting by mail she gained the distinction of being the first wife of an American president to cast a ballot. She voted a straight Republican ticket which, along with the president's was forwarded to Marion, Ohio.

"Does Col. Gore come of fighting stock?"

"Yes; both of his parents were members of a church choir."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Henry—It was a case of love at first sight with me.

Richard—Then why didn't you marry her?

Henry—I saw her again on several occasions.

ANCIENT INDIAN WAS GREAT SMOKER

Smithsonian Institution Finds Abundance of Pipes in Ruins of Mesa Verde.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The Smithsonian Institution has discovered that ancient Indians who lived hundreds of years ago in that part of the West which we now call Colorado were inveterate pipe smokers.

Dr. J. Walter Fawkes, chief of the Bureau of American Ethnology of the institution, has returned to Washington, after several months of archaeological field work in the Mesa Verde National Park, with reports of a prehistoric ruin to which he has given the name of "Pipe Shrine House," on account of the large number of tobacco pipes found.

New Pueblos Found. Congress passed a law several years ago reserving the Mesa Verde Park from settlement because of the numerous cliff dwellings in its canyon. Since that time archaeologists have discovered that there are as many pueblos in the open on top of the Mesa as in the cliffs. In May of this year Dr. Fawkes undertook work on a mound in the neighborhood of a reservoir called Mummy Lake.

"The results of his excavations were as instructive as they were unexpected," says the Smithsonian Institution. "Out of this mound has emerged a rectangular building about seventy feet square and one story high, accurately oriented to the cardinal points, with a circular tower formerly fifteen to twenty feet high, like a church steeple, midway of the western wall. This tower is supposed to have been for observation, and as it is very important for an agricultural people to determine the seasons of the year, it was probably by watching the sun as it rises in the east or sets in the west that they determined the time for planting and other events.

"In the middle of this building there was found a circular room twenty feet deep and about the same in diameter, in which were found over a dozen clay tobacco pipes, numerous stone knives, pottery, idols and other objects.

"Pipes of this kind have never before been found in the Mesa Verde National Park, and as all the indications point to the belief that after the rite of smoking they were thrown into the shrine the ruins were called on this account the Pipe Shrine House.

"A few feet south of the building, which was not a habitation, but specialized for ceremonials, there is a square room or shrine dedicated to the mountain lion, a stone image of which was found surrounded by water-worn and other strangely formed stones.

"The cemeteries of the pueblos of the Mesa Verde are situated near the south east corner, and while the burials in them have as a rule been moved by vandals, several interments were found in the cemetery near the Pipe Shrine House."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

TANKAGE GONE TWO DAYS; HENS LAY 320 EGGS LESS

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 27.—Animal protein, fed to hens either in the form of tankage, sour skim milk or semi-solid buttermilk is a big item in keeping the winter egg basket full, according to results obtained during the year just past by S. J. Howard, a Henderson county farmer living near Corydon. Mr. Howard, along with 48 other farmers scattered over the state, has just finished the records which he kept on his farm flock for one year in co-operation with the extension division of the College of Agriculture to show the value of recommended practices in feeding and caring for hens. Being without tankage two days last January caused his flock of 167 White Leghorns to lay 320 eggs less that month than they laid the previous month, according to one of his reports. His flock was the third highest producing one out of the 47 for this year ending Nov. 1, each of his hens having laid an average of 164 eggs during the 12 months.

Should Be Quarantined

Many physicians believe that anyone who has a bad cold should be completely isolated to prevent other members of the family and associates from contracting the disease, as colds are about as catching as measles. One thing sure—the sooner one rids himself of a cold the less the danger and you will look a good while before you find a better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to aid you in curing a cold.

CALL ON US

For Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Sale Bills, Business and other Cards.

In fact, we are prepared to furnish you most anything you may desire in the way of Paper and Printed Matter.

BLANK DEEDS, MORTGAGES, &c., IN STOCK.

If You have something to SELL or anything to ADVERTISE try an "ad" in THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN.

Hartford Printing Company

INCORPORATED

HARTFORD,

KENTUCKY

BOMBS TO BE DOOM OF SHIPS OF WAR

General Mitchell Says Depth Missile Will Be Death Knell Of Big Vessels.

Philadelphia, Nov. 25.—The knell of the present-day battleship has been sounded by the airplane, but not by the dropping of bombs on its decks, as popularly supposed, according to Gen. William A. Mitchell, chief of the Army Air Service, who stopped off here recently in his plane for a few minutes.

New developments in air bombs, the general said, have proven that it is practicable to sink battleships not by direct hits, but by hydrostatic pressure created by the explosion of the bomb as a predetermined depth beneath the water in the neighborhood of the ship being attacked.

The modern dreadnought, baled to stand up for hours against heavy gunfire and protected with heavy armor, is vulnerable on its unarmored bottom. The open intakes of the condensing system which admit sea water to the engine room condensers provide an "Achilles' heel" by which the greatest battleship may be put out of action.

The terrific force exerted by depth charges is well known, the general said. During the World War the breast of a diver at work was crushed in by hydrostatic pressure from a depth charge exploded eleven miles away. The one-ton bomb of the Army Air Service, designed to explode beneath the water, according to General Mitchell, will crush in the bottom of most modern ships of war. A two-ton bomb has also been developed, which is thirteen feet six inches in length, capable, the general believes of lifting a dreadnought bodily out of the water by the force of its submarine explosion.

With such weapons as these and an efficient air force at strategic points, General Mitchell claims no enemy fleet could safely approach within two hundred miles of the American coast.

FARM AND HOME NEWS FROM OVER KENTUCKY

Poultry culling demonstrations held this fall in McLean county by County Agent R. H. Ford and the extension division of the College of Agriculture have helped scores of farmers in that section of the state get rid of the poor layers in their flocks. In one month a total of 37

flocks were culled to show farmers how to distinguish between the good and poor layers. A total of 1,468 birds were handled, 521 of these being rejected as culls.

Scrub livestock is continuing to lose its place on Rockcastle county farms. County Agent R. F. Spence says. Four Duroc Jersey boars, six Hampshire rams and seven roosters are the most recent additions to purebred stock already on the farms. Systematic work is being done in the county to get farmers to turn from scrub and mongrel to purebred stock.

Seventy Henderson county farmers and their wives have entered their flocks in the winter egg laying project being conducted by the state by the extension division of the College of Agriculture. They will feed and take care of their hens according to recommended practices and keep daily records on the number of eggs they get in order to show how good feed and the right kind of care help hens lay more eggs in winter.

Steady progress is being made in the campaign to wipe out tuberculosis in Lewis county cattle herds, County Agent H. O. Bates says. Thirty days work in the campaign recently resulted in 237 farmers listing 1,209 cattle to be tested for the disease.

Whooping in the lungs indicates that phlegm is obstructing the air passages. Hallard's Horehound Syrup loosens the phlegm so that it can be coughed up and ejected. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

FOUND GOLD VAIN IN RESCUING COW

A cow belonging to C. T. Johnson, a Los Angeles capitalist, fell into an abandoned well at Johnny, Nev. A derrick was rigged up and ropes were lowered and made fast to the cow. As the animal was hoisted out her hoof scraped the side of the well, revealing a vein of glittering gold-bearing quartz the presence of which had never been suspected. On further investigation a large ledge of rich gold ore was found.

Heartburn is a symptom of indigestion. Take a dose of Herbine in such cases. The pain disappears instantly. The Howels operate speedily and you feel fine, vigorous and cheerful. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

BIBLE THOUGHTS
—For This Week—
Bible Thoughts memorized, will prove a precious heritage in after years.

THANKSGIVING DAY, NOV. 30. REMEMBER YOUR BLESSINGS:—Bless the Lord, O my soul; and all that is within me, bless his holy name.

Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits.

Who forgiveth all thine iniquities; who healeth all thy diseases.

Who redeemeth thy life from destruction; who crowneth thee with loving kindness and tender mercies.

Who satisfieth thy mouth with good things, so that thy youth is renewed like the eagle's—Psalm 103:1-5.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer*

BOOZE FOUND IN BREAD; DEALER PAYS BIG FINE

Akron, O., Nov. 25.—Officer Howard Moody rolled his eyes about the crowd at a market-house jam. He saw two huge loaves of bread sticking over the end of Frank Caraleas' provision basket. They were uncovered, and Moody lifted one out. It was heavy, but the other was heavier. Also, the crust was broken on the second. Moody thrust his finger thru the fracture and felt something strange in a loaf of bread. It was a pint of moonshine.

Caraleas affected great surprise, but he paid a fine, anyway, when he appeared before the police judge.

Deep-seated coughs that resist ordinary remedies require both external and internal treatment. If you buy a dollar bottle of Hallard's Horehound Syrup you get the two remedies you need for the price of one. There is a Herrick's Rod Pepper Porous Plaster for the chest, free with each bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

"Would you call Mrs. Gowitt a good conversationalist?"

"Yes and no. She makes you think of a lot of good things to say, but she talks so incessantly you don't get a chance to say them."—Boston Transcript.

HAMBONE'S MEDITATIONS

HIT AIN' MAKE NO DIFFERENCE WID A OMAN HOW MENNY DRINKS HER OLE MAN TURNS DOWN--WHUT WEARY HER IS DE ONES WHUT HE TURNS UP!



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Call the Corn



Blow, O Horn of Plenty, blow!
Call the corn from earth and row;
Call the corn and bid it be
Banisher of misery!
Tell the corn to journey far,
Find where hungry children are;
Find where eyes of sorrow stare
Lose harvest cold and bare.

Blow, O Horn of Plenty, blow!
Make our thankful hearts to know
Just how sweet it is to dwell
In this land of All-gods-well.
Land where, if one field denies,
We need only turn our eyes
To another, there to find
God has been just doubly kind.

Blow, O Horn of Plenty, blow!
Those a-hunger soon must know
That, though they have been denied,
We will see them satisfied.
From a thousand fertile farms,
Home by sturdy yeoman arms,
Will go gifts in such great share
Hunger cannot linger there.

Blow, O Horn of Plenty, blow!
Call the corn from earth and row;
Call the corn and bid it be
Banisher of misery!
Then a stricken hand will bless
American unselfishness;
Then a still, small voice will say:
"Truly 'tis Thanksgiving day!"
—William Herschel, in the Indianapolis News.

Quaint Song of Thanks

Through the hard days of the World
war while the men were fighting,
The women of America
were working,
waiting,
ever
caring
easily.
Now that those
days are over and
the difficult after-
math needs care-
ful handling,
women are still striving to add her serv-
ice wherever there is need of brave
and patient endeavor.

Post-war times are always trying
ones. Hence it is with a little more
sympathetic understanding than usual
that we read the lines of a quaint old
Thanksgiving hymn, bearing the date
of 1783. Its author is unknown, but its
sentiment holds true today, though we
may wish to change the name of our
first President to that of some later
leader.

The Lord above, in tender love,
Hath saved us from our foes.
Through Washington the thing is done;
The war is at a close.

America has won the day
Through Washington, our chief;
Come, let us rejoice with heart and voice
And bid good-by to grief.

Let us agree, since we are free,
All needless things to shun;
And lay aside all pomp and pride,
Like our great Washington.

Though we do not proclaim this
anonymous writer as a second Shake-
speare, let us follow his counsel by
bidding farewell to grief, by laying
aside pride and pomp, and turning this
Thanksgiving season into one in
which we remember only our mercies
and blessings, which are many. "Come,
let us rejoice with heart and voice,"
for what we have, if it be but little,
helping the less fortunate, if it be an
abundance.

Day of Joy



Thanksgiving day! Thanksgiving day!
The plumes of glory are gay.
Cranberry sauce is glowing red,
The sun shines blessing on your head,
And from the oven comes a whiff
That makes our little hearts snuff.
Give me some white meat, if you please,
I'm busier than honey bees!

Thanksgiving day! Thanksgiving day!
It's better than the buds of May.
Stewed onions, sweet potatoes plump,
A turkey perched on every stump.
When folks on farms decide to eat,
Believe me, it's a merry treat!
Give me a drum-stick—gravy, too,
And ma, I drink the health of you!



"Thanksgiving Day."
Tis a good day to have in our cal-
endar. None of us would see it
dropped, whether there is much or
little to be grateful for. At least
there is always the day to be glad of—
Thanksgiving day.

Thanksgiving on the Farm



Oh, the farm was bright, Thanksgiving
morn,
With its stacks of hay and shocks of
corn.

Its pumpkin heaps in the rambling shed,
And its apples brown and green and red,
And in the cellar, the winter store,
In bins that were filled and running o'er
With all the things that a farm could
keep.

In barrel and bin and goodly heap,
Hung to the rafters and hid away—
Oh, the farm was a pleasant place to
stay!

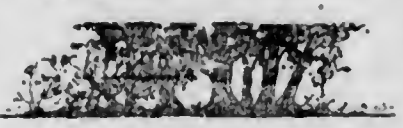


And here and there was the Jersey stock,
The sheep and horses—Old Prince and
Jock—
The turkeys and geese and awkward calf,
And the goat that made the children
laugh.

A pair of mules that a friend had sent
Out to the farm for experiment,
Figeons and fowls and a guinea pig,
Logs that were small and dogs that were
big,
Chickens that were white and black and
gray—
Oh, the farm was a jolly sight that day!



Out back of the house the orchard stood,
Then came the brook and the chestnut
wood.
The old sawmill where the children play,
The fodder barn with its piles of hay,
The walnut grove and the cranberry bog,
The woodchuck hole and the harking dog,
The watergreen and the rabbit's cave—
Wherein who entered was counted brave—
The skating pond with its fringe of
hay—
Oh, the farm was a right good place to
stay!



The big home barn was a place of joy
For the romping girl and the climbing
boy.
With beams and mows and ladders to
mount,
Horses and oxen and sheep to count,
Hunting of nests of shy old hens,
Tumbling hay and fashioning dens,
Helping the men to do up the chores,
Shutting windows and locking doors,
Letting some work come in with the
play—
Oh, the farm was a jolly place to stay!



Oh, the pantry shelves were loaded down
With cakes that were plump and rich
and brown.
With apple pie and pumpkin and mince,
And jellies and jam and preserved quince,
Cranberry sauce and puddings and rice,
The delectable dishes that look so nice,
Vegetables, breads, and bonbons sweet,
A great brown turkey and plates of meat,
Served fixed in the delectable way—
Oh, 'twas a glorious sight that day!



Oh, the farm was bright Thanksgiving
morn,
The sun shone clear on the hay and corn,
The guests came early with laugh and
shout.

And the boys and girls scattered about,
Seeking the nests they had known before,
Climbing through window instead of door,
Reeling from barn to corner or mill,
Shouting and laughing with glee, until
The dinner-horn sounded. Oh, I say
'Twas pleasant upon the farm that day!



(©, 1922, Western Newspaper Union.)

In Holy Writ,
Bless the Lord, O my soul; and all
that is within me, bless His holy name.
Bless the Lord, O my soul, and for-
get not all His benefits:
Enter into His gates with thank-
sgiving, and into His courts with
praise; be thankful unto Him, and
Bless His name.

For the Lord is good; His mercy
is everlasting; and His truth endureth
to all generations.—Psalm 103:1, 2;
100:4, 5.

Eagle's Day Off



That is when this pinch hitter gets
into the game as the national bird.



That is when this pinch hitter gets
into the game as the national bird.

Hymn

For Summer's bloom and Autumn's
blight,
For bending wheat and blest
maize,
For health and sickness, Lord of
light,
And Lord of darkness, hear our
praise!

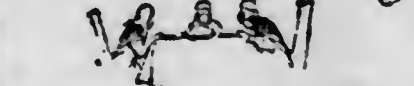
We trace to Thee our joys and
woes—
To Thee, of causes still the cause—
We thank Thee that Thy hand be-
stows;
We bless Thee that Thy love with-
draws.

We bring no sorrows to Thy throne;
We come to Thee with no com-
plaint;
In Providence Thy will is done,
And that is sacred to the saint.

Here, on this blest Thanksgiving
Night,
We raise to Thee our grateful
voice;

For what Thou dost, Lord, is right;
And, thus believing, we rejoice.
—From "Bitter-Sweet," by J. G.
Holland.

The Spirit of Thanksgiving



As we read of old time Thanksgiv-
ing customs, we realize that the
world has been travelling fast since
then—away from the simple and the
spiritual.

One of the customs, particularly, was
quiet.

After the Thanksgiving dinner, while
the family was still seated around the
table, each member was asked to tell
for what, in the past year, he was par-
ticularly thankful.

These recitals were always revela-
tions of character. The small children
of the family mentioned some material
thing, a sled or a doll, for which they
were grateful.

The older children, those in their
teens, were more abstract. They were
thankful for the advantages of educa-
tion, of family prestige, or their social
position—a bit self-centered, perhaps,
as is wont with youth in its teens.

But mother and father, in their un-
tutored years, knew that the greatest
blessings of life were health and hap-
piness, and their recitals of thankfulness
always included a word of thanksgiv-
ing that the family had been spared
illness and poverty. No thought for
themselves, but thankful of son's suc-
cess in school, and daughter's improve-
ment in controlling her temper.

The spirit of the day calls for just
such a touch of spiritual introspection.
It keeps alive that family spirit, the
joy of an assembled family, the particu-
lar source of Thanksgiving to each
member, along with the joy of the old-
fashioned dinner.

Old-Time Thanksgiving.
A quaint account of a Thanksgiving
dinner back in 1773, is given in a let-
ter of one Juliana Smith, written to
her dear "Dear Cousin Betsey," found
in an old diary:

"This year it was Uncle Simeon's
turn to have the dinner at his house,
but of course we all helped them as
they help us when it is our turn, and
there is always enough for us all to do.
All the baking of pies and cakes was
done at our house, and we had the big
oven heated and filled twice each day
for three days before it was all done,
and everything was good, though we
did have to do without some things
that ought to be used. Neither Love
nor Money could buy Raisins, but our
good red cherries dried without the
pist, did almost as well, and happily
Uncle Simeon still had some spices in
store. The tables were set in the Din-
ing Hall, and even that big room had
no space to spare when we were all
seated. The Servants had enough to
get around the Tables and serve us
all without oversetting tiddies. There
were our two grandmothers, side by
side. They are always handsome old
ladies, but now, many thought, they
were handsomer than ever, and happy
they were to look upon so many of
their descendants.

The Crown of the Feast.

"There was no Plum Pudding, but a
baked Suet Pudding, stirred thick with
dried Plums and Cherries, was called
by the old Name and answered the pur-
pose. All the other spice had been
used in the Mince Pie, so for this Pud-
ding we used a jar of West India pre-
served Ginger, which 'climbed to be-
left of the last shipment which Uncle
Simeon had from there. We chopped
the Ginger small and stirred it through
with the Plums and Cherries. It was
extraordinary good. The day was lit-
ter cold and when we got home from
Meeting, which father did not keep
over long by reason of the cold, we
were glad of the fire in Uncle's Dining
Hall, but by the time the dinner was
one-half over, those of us who were on
the fire side of one table was forced to
get up and carry our plates around to
the far side of the other table, while
those who had sat there were glad to
bring their plates around to the fire
side to get warm. All but the Old
Ladies, who had a screen put behind
their chairs."



That is when this pinch hitter gets
into the game as the national bird.

THE BLESSED By Nancy Byrd Turner



November darkens to its close,
They kneel beside their flickering
hearth:
Without, one little wistful rose
Is drooping toward the barren earth.
A frost had bitten the April fruit,
A blight had seared the summer corn,
Sharp hail had smitten to the root
The golden barley, overborne.

"But oh," he cries, "I love you, sweet!
What shall we seek of wind or weather
So long as we can surely meet
The sunshine and the storm together?"

Her meager little garden prayed
All long July for quenching rain;
The sad-eyed cattle left the shade
To seek their cooling creek in vain;
The flowers that her hands had cherished,
That made the borders beauty-bright,
They bowed their lovely heads and per-
ished.

Her tears had fallen at the sight.

"But ah," she breathes, "I love you,
dear!
It cannot truly matter whether
We gain the year or lose the year,
Just so we live the year together."

Then on the hearth a fagot falls
And breaks to sudden leaping light;
A cricket in a corner calls;
Slow silence deepens down the night.
The circle of his young arm makes
A shelter where the dark had been;
The old clock on the mantel wakes
And cries Thanksgiving in.
—Youth's Companion.

Awful Possibility



If Thanksgiving Dinner Was Re-
versed, How Would You Like It?



REASONS FOR GIVING THANKS

As a Nation, the American People Has
Ample Cause for Rejoicing at
This Period.

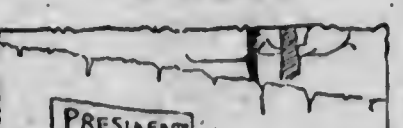
It is three hundred years since
Thanksgiving day was first celebrated
on the American continent. The Pil-
grim band, though they had lost half
their numbers during the first winter
at Plymouth, and though they were
beset by hardships and by the fear of
their savage neighbors, found in the
survival of the little colony and in
the hope of a gradually ameliorating
lot just cause for thanksgiving to God.
Have we, who have inherited the in-
stitutions and the spiritual ideals that
they labored to establish, less reason
than they to be thankful?

Like the other nations of the world
the United States has reached a great
social and political crisis. We have
passed through a great war, and we
begin to feel the burden of debt and
disaster that the war laid upon man-
kind. Our trade is disarranged;
neither financially nor economically are
we so prosperous as we are wont to
be. We are a little afraid of the fu-
ture, for we have been shaken out of
the easy and comfortable confidence
in our own efficiency in which we have
been used to live.

But great material prosperity is not
always a matter for thanksgiving. It
sometimes softens and dissipates the
strength and virtue of a nation. Per-
haps nations like men should echo the
prayer of Agur: "Give me neither
poverty nor riches." We have enough
and, like the Pilgrims, we can reason-
ably hope for an increasing store of
comforts in the coming years. Is there
not ample cause for thanksgiving in
the fact that, although the nation has
been tried by adversity and loss and
assailed by doubt and misgivings, it
shows no sign of losing its heart or its
head? The gospel of hard work and
cheerful courage still counts most
American as its adherents. We are
working our way out of the depression
that the war caused.

We do not thank God because our
way is the way of fairness and of peace,
but because, in the time of testing and
trial, our people are able to quit them-
selves like men.—Youth's Companion.

That Settles It



PRESIDENT'S
MESSAGE
THANK-
GIVING



Ms. Turk—From now on I'm ag'in
the administration.

The Best Opportunity To Buy An Overcoat You Ever Had!

Now is the time to buy, while you have a wide range
to select from. There's everything you need in these
coats—style, fine fabrics, perfect tailoring. We be-
lieve in close selling—that's another reason the
values are so big.

\$10 - \$15 - \$20
\$25 - \$30

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

TOBACCO SALES

Howling Green, Ky., Nov. 28.—
Fifty-eight thousand pounds of leaf
were sold by the Tobacco Board of
Trade here Monday. Leaf sold for
\$12 to \$23; lugs \$6 to \$14 and trash
\$3 to \$7. The next sale will be held
Wednesday.

Henderson, Ky., Nov. 28.—Tobacco
prices on those leaf floors took a
decided advance Monday when 107-
270 pounds were sold. Bright, un-
filled leaf sold up to 47 cents a pound
equaling the highest price of the
season. The Soaper House sold 91-
845 pounds at \$17.42 average. The
Tri-County House sold 15,425
pounds at \$18.46 average. Trash
is selling at better prices than last
year, ranging from 2 cents to 20
cents a pound.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 28.—Average
better than 29 cents a pound, or
\$29.08 a hundred, the best tobacco
sold on the independent floors of
the Lexington tobacco warehouses
Monday morning at the opening sales
of the 1922-23 season. A total of
39,495 pounds, netting \$11,431.17,
was sold at one warehouse. The
highest basket sold belonged to M.
J. Stevens, Franklin County farmer.
It contained 350 pounds, bring-
ing 51 cents.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 28.—The
best prices that have prevailed on the
Owensboro loose leaf floors in re-
cent years were paid for Pryor to-
bacco Monday. There was a sale of
294,280 pounds of the dark weed at
an average of \$17.95 a hundred
pounds. This is a jump of nearly
\$3 a hundred pounds over the prices
paid last week.

TUESDAY'S BOND PRICES

Liberty 3 1/2 s	100.02
Liberty 1st 4 s	98.02
Liberty 2d 4 s	98.22
Liberty 1st 4 1/2 s	98.76
Liberty 2d 4 1/2 s	98.34
Liberty 3d 4 1/2 s	98.02
Victory 3 1/2 s	100.26
Uncalled 4 1/2 s	100.00
Called 4 1/2 s	99.42
New U. S. 4 1/2 s	99.42

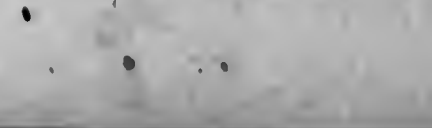
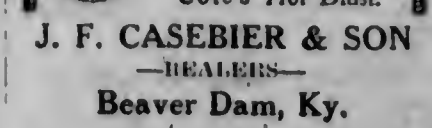
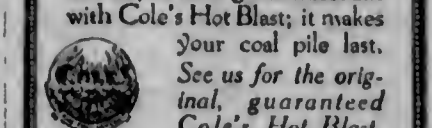
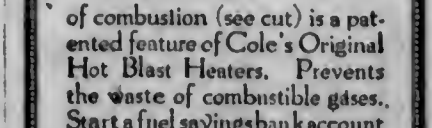
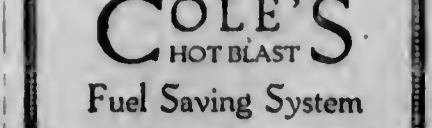
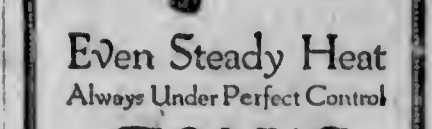
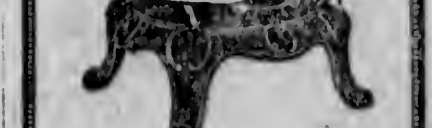
Industry need not wish; and he
that lives upon hope will die fast-
ing.—Franklin.

"Don't be afraid," said an aviator
to a timid passenger. "All you have
to do is to sit quiet."

"I know all about that," retorted

the passenger. "But suppose some-
thing happens and we begin to fall?"
"Oh, in that case," the aviator re-
assured him, you are to grasp the
first solid thing we pass and hold
tight."—Legion Weekly.

Perfect Comfort



Even Steady Heat
Always Under Perfect Control

COLE'S
HOT BLAST
Fuel Saving System

of combustion (see cut) is a pat-
ented feature of Cole's Original
Hot Blast Heaters. Prevents the
waste of combustible gases.
Start a fuel savings bank account
with Cole's Hot Blast; it makes
your coal pile last.
See us for the origi-
nal, guaranteed
Cole's Hot Blast.

J. F. CASEBIER & SON
—DEALERS—
Beaver Dam, Ky.